

The Middletown Transcript

VOL. 48 NO. 33

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE, SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 21, 1915

PRICE THREE CENTS

ROAD IMPROVEMENTS

Ugite is Being Used on the Stone Roads for Surface Treatment

NEW ROAD FOR MARYLAND

The Juniata Paving Co., has been awarded the contract to build about three miles of macadam road for Cecil county, Md. The road commences at the end of the stone road below Warwick and continues toward Cecilton, and when completed will make one of the finest road improvements made in this section for some time. The contract price for the road is \$37,000. This company also has been awarded the contract to apply a coat of Ugite to about 20 miles of New Castle county roads, and work is now under way on the road from Middletown to Odessa. It will also receive a top dressing of trap rock, and will then have the oil dressing applied, after which it will be rolled. The Town Commissioners, of Middletown, have awarded the same company the contract to apply the dressing to the stone streets of the town. They will also award a contract for laying a two-foot concrete gutter from Broad and Main streets to the railroad crossing. The gutter will be laid at the expense of the town and the curbing will be charged to the property owners. This work when completed will be a great improvement as the streets are so level that stagnant water lies at all times in the gutters. Little attention has been paid to the notices calling for improvement of sidewalks, and some are a disgrace to the town, being in some cases really dangerous to walk on. The owners have been notified time after time but no attention whatever is paid to the notices. Much dissatisfaction is felt over the situation.

CHESAPEAKE CITY

Miss Helen G. Loveless is visiting relatives in Gettysburg, Pa.
Miss Elizabeth Clark, of Philadelphia, has been a guest of the Misses Ellison.
Miss Mollie Ford is visiting her brother Mr. R. B. Ford, of near town.
Mr. Harry Sauerhoff, of Seaford, has been a recent visitor of friends in town.
Mr. George Borem, of Wilmington, spent the past week-end with his parents here.
Miss Ethel M. Ellison, of Philadelphia, spent the week-end with friends near town.
Miss Verna Giles, of Philadelphia, Pa., is visiting her uncle Mr. Lew Blanchfield.
Mr. J. Carroll Wooleyhan, of near town, is spending his vacation at Atlantic City.
Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Steele and sons of Wilmington, spent Sunday with his mother Mrs. J. H. Steele.
Miss Flora Tanner who has been spending some weeks in Illinois has returned to her home in town.
Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Clayton, Dr. J. G. Hopper, Mrs. Alice Hopper were guests of Miss Mary H. Cooper, of Laurel, on Sunday last.

WARWICK

Miss Mame Merritt is visiting in Wilmington.
Mrs. Josephine Wilson spent several days in town.
Mr. Leland Price spent several days last week in Elkton.
R. B. Merritt Sr. and Amos Wilson spent Tuesday in Elkton.
We are glad to report Mrs. Gunkle being able to sit up in a chair.
Miss Willie Aiken, of Chesapeake City, is visiting her aunt in town.
Sunday School picnic was held in Bender's woods last Wednesday.
Mr. and Mrs. Urie Ginn spent Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Merritt.
Mr. Victor Fountain and friend, of Deland, Fla., were guests of his aunt Mrs. Verena Vinyard.
Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Eaton spent several days with their daughter Mrs. Bayard Jordan, of Summit Bridge.

Big Demand for Horses

Last year the unusually large hay crop caused the farmers to winter a large number of horses and mules than usual, but this year, the failure of the hay crop together with the prospect of paying exceptionally high prices for hay, inclines them to sell. Also, the war in European makes a good demand. It is said that agents for the Germany army are now scouring the Peninsula buying up all the good stock available.

Bethesda Church Notes

Rev. J. A. Arters will occupy the pulpit of Bethesda Church Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock.
11:30 a. m. to 12:15 p. m. Sunday School, both Junior and Senior Departments.
9:30 a. m. Brotherhood Devotional meeting.
No evening service.

THE TRANSCRIPT \$1.00 per year

ODESSA

Mrs. Catherine Stidham was a Wilmington visitor on Tuesday last.
Miss Lillian Buckson, of Wilmington, was a recent visitor with relatives here.
Captain Oakley Vinyard, of Panama, is spending some time with his family here.
Mrs. Fred A. Reynolds was the guest of relatives near Blackbird part of this week.
Mrs. Emma Shockley, of Philadelphia, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Ford.
Miss E. A. Edward, of New York City, has been visiting her sister Mrs. Leven James.
Mr. William Rhodes, of Camden, N. J., visited his mother Mrs. Annie Rhodes part of this week.
Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bush, of Wilmington, have been spending this week with her parents here.
Miss Helen Bradley, of Wilmington, has been spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Harry Lightcap.
Rev. H. C. Shipley and family have returned home after a pleasant visit with friends near Wye Mills.
Mrs. John Wiest and daughter Miss Blanche Wiest were guests of friends in Wilmington on Tuesday last.
Mr. and Mrs. George L. Townsend have been entertaining Mr. Horatio Paul, of Cleveland Ohio, this week.
Miss Gilch and her guests Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hampson, Mrs. J. A. Melvin, Mrs. Robert Mobery were visitors in Dover on Monday.
Messrs. Henry Kronemier, William Bogenshietz, Levi Plummer, Harry Tucker were visitors at Bowers Beach on Thursday making the trip by auto.

DAIRY EXTENSION WORK

Through the co-operation of the Dairy Division of the United States Department of Agriculture, Delaware College and a number of farmers in the State who are interested in dairying, Mr. Hugh Fergus has just been appointed to extension work in dairying in the State of Delaware and in a part of Maryland. In order to be conveniently situated he is located at Middletown, and he can be reached through your County Agent. The lines of work in which the dairymen of the State will be assisted either through personal visits or by letter, are the following:
Advice concerning the methods of feeding and management of dairy cattle.
Assistance in the keeping of herd records. In this work milk record sheets will be furnished free of charge to all interested dairymen, and as far as possible composite samples of each cow's milk will be tested when sent to the College Experiment Station.
Help in the selection of pure-bred bulls, and in the organizing of bull associations.
Advice on the feeding and raising of calves.
Assistance in regard to the different forms of silos best suited to the different dairymen's needs.
Plans will be furnished free to all dairymen contemplating building or remodeling dairy barns. Plans for milk houses will also be available.

REAL ESTATE SALES

Mr. John Heldmyer, Jr., has been hustling in the real estate business during the past ten days, and as a result several town properties and one farm have new owners.
He has sold the dwelling of Mrs. Laura Brockson, located on North Broad street, to Mr. Benjamin Boyles, the purchase price being \$2200. Also the three dwellings on East Main street, belonging to Mrs. Helen Cook and Mrs. Goodhand to Mr. P. L. McWhorter, considerations of \$3400. He has disposed of the house of Martin B. Burris, Esq., on North Broad street, to Mrs. Laura Spicer, the purchase price being \$2500.
His latest sale was the Dr. Crawford farm, known as the "Old Philadelphia Farm," located near Cecilton Md. The purchaser of this farm has requested that his name be withheld at this writing.

More Black Bass

"Are not Abanea and Pharpas, rivers of Damascus?"—etc, asked the haughty Naaman. So our reporter queries with reference to Silver Lake as a "big fish" pond versus Noxontown Pond where Mr. Newman, some while ago made his big catch.
At any rate, a few days ago Mr. H. Burchard did some piscatorial work there that proves the aforesaid Newman is not the only Isaac Walton hereabouts. This latest "great fish" haul was done in about a half hour with hook and line, and consisted of three sizable black bass weighing nearly 12 pounds, the biggest, four pounds and ten ounces.

Sanitary Fruit Bin

Keeping good their reputation as "The Pure Food Store" M. Banning & Son have built for the front of their store a large wire-protected receptacle wherein to keep fresh fruits and vegetables free from sun, flies and dirt, and yet perfectly visible to the purchaser. Excellent!

FRIENDS & VISITORS

Personal Items About People You See and Know

THOSE THAT COME AND GO

Mr. A. Fogel on Sunday rejoined his wife and daughter at Atlantic City.
Mrs. John C. Stites is at her home here after an absence of several months.
Miss Bernice Metten has been spending a few days with friends at Bowers Beach.
Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Ford are at home after a three weeks' stay at Eaglesmere, Pa.
Miss Majorie Virden, of Wilmington, is here for a visit with her aunt Mrs. M. B. Burris.
Misses Madeline and Margaret Parvis, of Wilmington, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Donovan.
Mrs. Clara Eliason Maxwell, of Wilmington, visited Mr. and Mrs. Wallace C. Eliason this week.
Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Bragdon are receiving congratulations on the birth of a little daughter.
Joseph H. Mendinall, of Wilmington, spent last Sunday at the home of Mr. Charles P. Cochran.
Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Price and Mrs. V. W. Massey will go to Ocean Grove, within a few days.
Miss May Beaton, of Baltimore, Md., is staying at the home of Howard A. Pool, on South Broad street.
Mrs. Walter Kohl, of New York, is spending sometime with Mr. and Mrs. Victor Kohl, near town.
Misses Madeline and Emma Pennington have returned from a camping trip at Aldrich's Beach, near Port Penn.
Mr. Alfred G. Cox and Miss Anna M. Cox are at the Park View Hotel, Ocean Grove, N. J., for a two weeks' stay.
Miss Elizabeth Schriver, of near town, was a visitor at the home of her grandmother Mrs. William K. Lockwood this week.

Joseph P. Comegys, of Philadelphia, was an over Sunday visitor with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William A. Comegys.
Horatio N. Willits and Merritt N. Willits, Jr., have been visitors at the home of their father Mr. Merritt N. Willits, near town.
Mrs. William K. Lockwood quietly observed her 85th birthday on Wednesday with her daughters, at her home on North Broad street.
Mr. and Mrs. G. Norman Gill, of Philadelphia, spent Saturday and Sunday with his brother Mr. John D. Gill, in "Middle Neck."
Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Cochran and little daughter of Wilmington, are here for a visit with their mother and aunt Mrs. Edwin R. Cochran and Miss Margaret Heaston.

ST. ANNES' CHURCH NOTES

Sunday, August 22d. The Twelfth Sunday after Trinity.
Divine Service. Morning Prayer and Sermon, 10:30.
Sunday School session, 11:45.
Evening Prayer at 7:30. The Evening Service during August will be of thirty minutes duration.
A number of parishioners have suggested to the Rector that a Service be held in Old St. Annes' Church on one of the Sundays in September. Think over this suggestion and let us have the consensus of opinion in regards to it.
The Rector of St. Annes' was elected at the last meeting of the Diocesan Convention, as the first alternate deputy to the meeting of the Missionary Synod of the Third Department of Washington, which is to be held this year in November at Richmond, Va.
Those who have not paid in their pledge envelopes during the period that the Church was closed this Summer are earnestly requested to do so without delay.
Will not parishioners having growing flowers bring some that they may be placed on the Altar? The Altar Guild has difficulty at times in procuring flowers and we are sure there are many who would be only too glad to donate them.

Her Sixth Birthday

One of the pleasant events of the week was a birthday party given by Mr. and Mrs. Norman L. Beale for their little daughter Emma, to celebrate her sixth birthday. The children played games on the lawn and spent a most delightful afternoon. The guests were: Mabel Fouracre, William and Shelly Meyers, Elizabeth Clayton, Charlotte, Edwin and Percy Donaghy June and Virginia Johnson, John Pool, Henry Vaughan, John Green, Caroline and Helen Fouracre, Billy Shallercock, Grace and Clara Brady, Charles Stewart, Jr., Virginia and Henry Brady, Charles M. Cochran Jr., Grace and Clara Brady, Elizabeth Shriver and Marjorie Virdin, of Wilmington.

New Books For Library

The members of the Library committee have just placed these seven new books on the shelves of the town library: "The Flying U's Last Stand," B. M. Bower; "My Heart's Right There," Florence L. Barkley; "Rugles of Red Gap," Harry Leon Wilson; "Still Jim" Honore Willies; "The Seven Darlings," Gouverneur Morris; "Spray on the Windows," J. E. Buckrose. "The Valley of Fear" A. Conan Doyle.

Odessa Alarmed by Prowler

For entering a ware house of the Watkins Packing Company at Odessa Thursday night, Samuel W. Eagle was committed to New Castle county jail by Magistrate Sparks. Earlier in the evening Eagle entered the home of Mrs. Clara V. McCoy. Mrs. McCoy was asleep on the couch in one of the downstairs rooms when she was awakened and saw the man. It is believed the man is mentally afflicted.

Lightning Kills Children

The seven-year-old son and the eight-year-old daughter of a farmer named Collision living near Thomas Chapel, ten miles west of Dover, while playing in a field near a wire fence on Sunday afternoon were killed by lightning during the storm which visited the neighborhood. A child of Thomas Wilson, a neighbor of Collision, was stunned by the bolt.

THE BOULEVARD

General T. Coleman duPont, having given out contracts for the construction of sixteen miles of good roads, between Georgetown and Selbyville, it is now believed that the former powder magnate intends to carry out his original project, that of building a state long highway, a distance of 107 miles, as a gift to the people of Delaware.
This project was halted by litigation a few years ago, but opposition appears to have died entirely out on the part of the very few who originally opposed the construction of the highway.
About the only argument which has been advanced against the construction of the road is that the state should build its own highway, but this would involve the issue of bonds, and the financial condition of the state does not warrant this. If the road is built throughout the state, it will cost General duPont about \$1,000,000.
Never have so many automobiles passed through Delaware as have gone through this year, and should the Boulevard be extended throughout the State it will mean many thousands dollars next year to the people of Delaware. Let it come and may it be soon.

Twelve Companies In Militia

Efforts to have the Organized Militia of Delaware increased to twelve companies, making a full strength regiment in place of the two provisional battalions, will be made, according to reports in military circles.
At the present time the Organized Militia of Delaware consists of two provisional battalions of four companies each, comprising about 450 men. The War Department regulations provide that the state troops shall comprise a regiment of twelve companies.
The necessity of increasing the number of companies and the number of men in the regiment has been impressed on the officers of the Militia by War Department officials, but efforts to authorize the increase in the number of companies have failed. It is believed the required number of men could easily be secured.

Machine Shucks Oysters

What the Mergenthaler typesetting machine has done to the printing business, so will an oyster-shucking machine now being perfected, do to the oyster industry of the United States, especially this Peninsula says a news exchange. All that could be learned of this remarkable machine is that it will shuck from twenty-five to thirty oysters a minute, occupy about one-third the time now taken up by hand shuckers, and that the process is absolutely sanitary, as no hand touches the oyster, it being opened and deposited in a receptacle by the machine. Not a particle of shell or dirt is dropped with the meat of the oyster. The machine will occupy a table space of 18 inches wide by 30 inches deep, and can be operated by a child.

Negro Robbed Moneydrawer

William Beldon, a young negro, caused no little excitement about 3:30 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon when the Chinese laundryman charged him with robbing his money drawer. The new proprietor is not well up in English and his loud cries and gestures at his laundry soon collected a large crowd, when he made it known that the negro had taken his money from the back of the railing, while he was in the back yard. The negro protested, but his attempt to flee by one of the alleys was strongly against him and he was arrested by Chief Hilyard. The trial before Magistrate Cox on Tuesday evening resulted in his being held for court under \$200 bail, and subsequent transportation to the workhouse.

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Facts You Ought to Know

Ice is colder than hot noodle soup.
Fresh air cannot be seen.
There is no bark on a dog-fish.
Wednesday always comes between Tuesday and Thursday.
There is no such animal as a fresh egg.
Window glass is transparent.
There are twenty-six letters in the alphabet.
The cuff on a glass of beer cannot be laundered.
All bread rises in the yeast.
A dog's pants are invisible.
Raising bees will cause hives.
Sidewalks are laid flat, with the upper side exposed.
Beach nuts come from South Haven.
Jelly comes from the jelly fish.
Chicago Herald.

G. O. P. VICTORY

Is Predicted by a New York Democratic Politician

CONVENTION IN PHILADELPHIA
That the Republicans will be victorious in the next Presidential election providing they nominate the right man; that Philadelphia will win the Republican National Convention, to be held next year, and that this country will witness the greatest panics in its history at the conclusion of the present European war unless a protective tariff is enacted in the meantime were some of the predictions made Monday by Major James Otis Woodward, manufacturer and politician of New York City. He was in Philadelphia for the purpose of making sub contracts with local firms relative to the manufacture of rifles, which his company has contracted for with one of the belligerents in the world war.

Major Woodward for years has been active in New York politics. He managed the gubernatorial campaign for former Governor Sulzer and was one of the New York delegates to the Baltimore convention. A Democrat in politics, Major Woodward, spoke as a non-partisan citizen.

"From my observation," he declared, "the Republicans will win out in the next Presidential election if they nominate the right man. Now is their chance for President Wilson will never be elected again if he is nominated. And I doubt very much whether he will accept another nomination. The Republicans will sweep all before them and even carry Louisiana as the result of the free-listing of sugar, which will mean a loss of millions of dollars to the cane growers of that State."

Fine Fish Tackle Display

Mr. Letherby believes in catching things. If you don't think so, look at his window exhibit and see the marvelous array of traps for flies, little reservoirs of deadly sweetness that slays Mr. Fly by the hundred; a big patent metal crab trap that gobbles up the crustaceans by the handful; all sorts of fish catching gimbarks from reels and metal "flies" to imitation fish that fool the finny tribe wholesale—these are some of the wonderful things you can see in this really fine display of fishing tackle and of everything that fishermen need to land their finny prey. Take a look at it.

Hay Spreads Anthrax

Wesley Webb, secretary of the Delaware State Board of Agriculture, has received a letter from President Harry P. Skipper, of the Maryland State Live Stock Sanitary Board, relative to the spread of anthrax on the Eastern Shore of Maryland. The letter says the disease was first discovered on a farm in Rich Neck, tenanted by B. F. Potts, where 3 cows were lost, and intimates that the disease might have originated from a lot of baled hay which Farmer Potts had bought, and which is believed to have been infected, or at least a part of it.

Squirrel Season Next Month

The closed season for squirrels will end on Wednesday, September 1st, and close again on October 15th. This permits shooting of these animals for all of the month of September and for the first two weeks in October. The killing of rabbit and quail is not changed from the dates of former years and the Board of Game Warden are arranging to have all who shoot out of season prosecuted under the United States Laws, as well as by the laws of Delaware.

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TOWNSEND

Mrs. Roe, of Harrisburg, Pa., is the guest of Mrs. Amanda Quillian.
Dr. Heimbach, wife and sons, of Kane Pa., spent Friday at J. A. Hart's.
Walter Harris and wife spent several days the past week at Ocean City.
Mrs. McGinnis, of Wilmington, is the guest of Mrs. George M. D. Hart.
Mrs. Eaton and daughter, of Mont Rose, visited Mrs. J. A. Hart this week.
Mr. and Mrs. B. G. Lockerman are visiting their daughters at Atlantic City, N. J.
Priscilla Sandworth and friend, of Wilmington visited Leilah Money the past week.
Samuel Brockson and wife of Middletown, spent Wednesday and Thursday with D. B. Jones.
Harvey Daniels and family, of Wilmington, have returned to their home after visiting her father Thomas Maloney.
Mrs. Andrew Webster was suddenly called to the home of her sister Mrs. Donovan at Prices Corner who is very ill.
Mrs. George Knotts has returned to her home here after visiting her sister Mrs. William Dalsen in St. Georges the past two weeks.
Mrs. Ginn Sargent, Mardelle Sargent, Mr. Patterson, of Greensburg, Pa., Mrs. Cora Wright of Wyoming visited town relatives Saturday.
Misses Mary King, of Littleton, W. Va., Ella King and Frances Fox, of Pittsburg, Pa., returned home Friday after a three weeks visit with Estella M. VanDyke.
Mrs. Charley Dukes, near Friendship, Mrs. Minnie Stephens, of near Smyrna, and Miss Blanche Deakyn, of Middletown, visited Miss India Deakyn the past week.
Mrs. W. A. Scott, Mrs. L. L. Maloney Ethelwyn and Elizabeth Maloney attended the Blackbird sewing circle at the home of Mrs. Harvey Records Wednesday afternoon.

BEFORE SEDAN

Here, in this leafy place,
Quiet he lies,
Cold, with his sightless face
Turned to the skies;
'Tis but another dead;
All you can say is said.
Carry his body hence,
Kings must have slaves;
Kings climb to eminence
Over men's graves;
So this man's eye is dim;
Throw the earth over him.
What was the white you touched,
There, at his side?
Paper his hand had clutched
Tight ere he died;
Message or wish, maybe;
Smooth the folds out and see.
Hardly the worst of us
Here could have smiled!
Only the tremulous
Words of a child;
Prattle, that has for stops
Just a few ruddy drops.
Look! She is sad to miss,
Morning and night,
His—her dead father's—kiss;
Tries to be bright,
Good to mamma, and sweet.
That is all "Marguerite."
Ah, if beside the dead
Slumbered the pain!
Ah, if the hearts that bled
Slept with the slain!
If the grief died; but no;
Death will not have it so.
AUSTIN DOBSON.

Shot in Legs at Camp

At Friendship colored camp, near Clayton, Sunday, Howard Hollig, colored, was shot in both legs during a fight near the camp ground. He was so badly injured that he was taken to a Wilmington hospital for treatment.
It was also reported that gambling was carried on along the railroad and evidence of the sale of liquor also has been secured, but no arrests have been made as yet.
Scarcely a year has passed in a period of a dozen years that somebody has not been shot at or near Friendship Camp. It has a list of murders, fights, shootings and stabbings to its discredit, and the authorities have gotten so they look for trouble there each year.

Dived To His Death

Percy E. Bryan of Wilmington, aged 28 years, who had gone to Pennsgrove, N. J., to seek work as a carpenter, while bathing in the river on Saturday night dived from the beach front wall. He struck upon a bed of rocks and did not rise. His body was recovered. He leaves a widow and one child.

CURRENT PRICES

MIDDLETOWN GRAIN MARKET
CORRECTED WEEKLY BY S. B. FORD.
Wheat—No. 2 \$1.08 Corn—
No. 1 Yellow, shelled 85
Timothy Seed 85
Clover Seed 78
MIDDLETOWN PRODUCE MARKET
CORRECTED WEEKLY BY W. T. CONNELLEY
Eggs, per doz. 20c-24
Country Butter, per lb. 27c-34
Creamery Butter, per lb. 38
Lard, per lb. 12c-16
Live Chickens, per lb. 12c-16
Potatoes, per bushel 85c-90c

GREAT LIQUOR FIGHT

Maryland Legislature Will Consider Question at Next Session

ISSUE IN PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION

Dr. Thomas H. Hare, of Baltimore, Md., Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of Maryland, predicts the greatest liquor fight in the history of the cause during the coming session of the Legislature in Maryland. The anti-liquor forces have been canvassing every district and precinct of the State for months and they have prepared a bill which will give the voters of the State the right to say whether or not they want liquor sold in Maryland.

According to the provisions of the bill that the "drys", have prepared, if the voters decide to abolish liquor, Maryland will be a prohibition state beginning with May, 1918.

The proposed law is patterned largely after the laws of other dry states. If the bill passes the coming Legislature the fight will be waged during the coming Presidential campaign and Maryland will have two state-wide elections within two months in the fall of 1916. Every delegate to be elected to Maryland Legislature during the coming fall will be challenged by the Prohibition forces.

The following is the proposed law: "On and after May 1, 1918, it will be unlawful for any person or persons, social club, firm or corporation to manufacture for sale, sell or purchase for sale, transport for sale, dispense or otherwise dispose of any alcoholic spirituous, vinous, fermented, distilled or malt liquors or intoxicating liquors within the State except for medicinal, scientific, sacramental or mechanical purposes as may be allowed under the provisions or such acts as the General Assembly of Maryland shall pass at its next regular session held next after the date of such election allowing such sales for such purposes. And any person, persons, social clubs, and firm or corporation manufacturing, selling, dispensing or disposing of any alcoholic, spirituous, vinous, fermented, distilled or malt liquors shall be liable for all the penalties now or hereafter prescribed for manufacturing, selling, dispensing or disposing of alcoholic, spirituous, vinous, fermented, distilled, malt and intoxicating liquors without a license."

Charges Criminal Assault

Following hard upon the felonious assault at Federalsburg by "Wish" Sheppard upon Miss Mildred Clark, comes the report of another like assault upon Mrs. Lulu S. Wiley, of St. Michaels, Talbot county, who charges that Aaron S. Johnson, colored, assaulted her in her home on Monday, of last week, while her husband was absent in Easton. Johnson who is being held in jail asserts that he is not guilty.

Mrs. Wiley, who, it is said is some what feeble-minded, charges that Johnson entered her kitchen when she was unprotected and driving out her children, closed all her windows, lowered the shades and while she defended herself as best she could, committed the assault. Johnson stoutly maintains his innocence. State's Attorney Butler has the case for the prosecution, and it will be tried at the earliest possible moment.

Miss Ennis Badly Injured

DOVER, Del., Aug. 17.—In an automobile accident late this afternoon between Dover and Camden a heavy auto oil truck of the Atlantic Refining Company, of Dover, collided with the automobile of Dr. W. T. Chipman, of Felton, badly damaging the Chipman car and seriously injuring Miss Julia Ennis, of Felton, who was sitting beside Dr. Chipman. Miss Ennis sustained a broken arm just above the elbow and a deep gash over the left eye. Her condition is considered critical. Dr. Chipman's wife and baby and another lady with her baby were on the back seat of the car, but were uninjured.
Dr. Chipman and party had been to the baby show at Wyoming, where the doctor was one of the judges, and were coming to Dover, where he had a patient.

Fine Peach Crop

Blackbird, August 17.—Henry C. Webb, a young farmer of near Blackbird has a record-breaking crop of peaches, which he is now shipping to a Philadelphia cannery. The price being paid is forty cents per basket. Mr. Webb has about 700 trees with many limbs touching the ground by the weight of the fruit. He also has a pear orchard of 70 acres and expects to harvest an unusually heavy crop of the fruit in a few weeks. Mr. Webb is a son of Prof. Wesley Webb, of Dover. Howard Townsend sold all of the peaches from his orchard at 50 cents per basket. Local farmers received such low prices for their products that some of them have decided to allow their crops to waste in the fields, and are preparing the ground for the winter wheat crop.

The following list of letters remain unclaimed in the Post Office for the week ending Aug. 12th: Mrs. Mary C. Benson, Mrs. Ida Scott, Misses Effie F. Baker, Bertie Park, Messrs. E. Toden, J. J. Toller.

PAN-AMERICAN APPEAL ISSUED

Urges the Mexicans to Hold
Peace Conference.

IT IS A BROTHERLY PLEA

Does Not Contain Any Threat Of Force
—Suggests A Conference On Neu-
tral Land And Offers Services
Of Brothers Of America.

Washington.—Upholstered in soft words, and bearing all the earmarks of having been dictated by a Latin-American diplomat Pan-American appeal to Mexico was made public.

Only in the concluding paragraph is there anything which the rival factions in the war-torn, anarchy-ridden republic could interpret as an ultimatum. And even this is modified.

"The undersigned," reads this paragraph, "expect a reply to this communication within a reasonable time, and consider that such a time would be 10 days after the communication is delivered, subject to prorogation for cause."

Signed By All Conference.

Written in Spanish and signed by all the Latin-American diplomats who attended the Pan-American conference, the communication is addressed to military and civil leaders in all parts of Mexico, including the Governors of all states, Mayors of cities and other authorities. For the purpose of reaching all classes of noncombatants, it is planned to have the appeal circulated throughout the country with the following superscription:

"The Mexican people are informed that the following communication has been sent to many prominent persons in Mexico who possess political authority or military power within the republic."

The text of the appeal itself is as follows:

The undersigned, the Secretary of State of the United States, the Ambassadors Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of Brazil, Chile and Argentina, and the envoys extraordinary and Ministers Plenipotentiary of Bolivia, Uruguay and Guatemala, accredited to the Government of the United States of America, acting severally and independently, unanimously send to you the following communication:

Inspired by the most sincere spirit of American fraternity and convinced that they rightly interpret the earnest wish of the entire continent, have met informally at the suggestion of the Secretary of State of the United States to consider the Mexican situation to ascertain whether their friendly and disinterested help could be successfully employed to re-establish peace and constitutional order in our sister republic.

War's Effects Reviewed.

In the heat of the frightful struggle which for so long has steeped in blood the Mexican soil doubtless all may well have lost sight of the dissolving effects of the strife upon the most vital conditions of the national existence, not only upon the life and liberty of the inhabitants, but on the prestige and security of the country. We cannot doubt, however—one can doubt—that in the presence of a sympathetic appeal from their brothers of America, recalling to them these disastrous effects, asking them to save their mother land from an abyss—one can doubt, we repeat—that the patriotism of the men who lead or aid in any way the bloody strife will not remain unmoved; no one can doubt that each and every one of them, measuring in his own conscience his share in the responsibilities of past misfortune and looking forward to his share in the glory of the pacification and reconstruction of the country, will respond nobly and resolutely to this friendly appeal and give their best efforts to opening the way to same saving action.

We, the undersigned, believe that if the men directing the armed movements in Mexico—whether political or military chiefs—should agree to meet, either in person or by delegates, far from the sound of cannon and with no other inspiration save the thought of their afflicted land, there to exchange ideas and to determine the fate of the country, from such action would undoubtedly result the strong and unyielding agreement requisite to the creation of a provisional government, which should adopt the first steps necessary to the constitutional reconstruction of the country—and to issue the first and most essential of them all, the immediate call to general elections.

An adequate place within the Mexican frontiers, where for the purpose might be neutralized, should serve as the seat of the conference, and in order to bring about a conference of this kind.

THE KAISER IS WILLING.

Would Accept Peace Negotiations If
Allies Made First Overtures.

Paris.—A dispatch to Fournier's News Agency from Rome says that the German Emperor, in answer to the peace letter of Pope Benedict XV, declared his willingness to accept peace negotiations provided the nations with which Germany was at war made the first overtures. Austria made a similar reply to the Pope's letter, the dispatch adds.

GAS MOVIES—WHAT?

New York Will Photograph Meters To
Get Bills.

New York.—Gas meters in New York hereafter will be read by photograph. The gas company believes that this will insure absolute accuracy. Meter readers employed by the company will be equipped with a small camera which fits over the indicator on the gas meter. By pressing a button light is thrown on the dial and exposure made showing the amount of gas burned.

nature the undersigned, or any of them, will willingly, upon invitation, act as intermediaries to arrange the time, place and other details of such conference if this action can in any way aid the Mexican people.

Answer In Reasonable Time.
The undersigned expect a reply to this communication within a reasonable time; and consider that such a time would be 10 days after the communication is delivered, subject to prorogation for cause.

ROBERT LANSING,
Secretary of State of the United States.
D da GAMA,
Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of Brazil.

EDO SUAREZ-MUJICA,
Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of Chile.

R. S. NAON,
Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of Argentina.

L. CALDERON,
Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of Bolivia.

CARLOS MARIA DE PENA,
Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of Uruguay.

JOAQUIN MENDEZ,
Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of Guatemala.

Embargo As First Step.

In support of government not representing all the factions probably it would become necessary to extend the plans of the Pan-American Conference. An embargo on arms against forces which might oppose the new government probably would be the first step.

WILL KEEP ON SENDING ARMS.

United States Government Replies To
Austria-Hungary.

Washington.—The State Department gave out the text of this government's reply to the protest of Austria-Hungary against the shipment of arms and ammunition to the Allies. The note rejects all of Austria's contentions and, summing up, declares that the shipment of munitions is justified by "the principles of international law, the practice of nations, the national safety of the United States and other nations without great military and naval establishments, the prevention of increased armies and navies, the adoption of peaceful methods for the adjustment of international differences and, finally, neutrality itself."

The note declares that this government is surprised to find the Imperial and Royal Government implying that the observance of the strict principles of the law under the conditions which have developed in the present war is insufficient, and asserting that this government should go beyond the long-recognized rules governing such traffic by neutrals, and adopt measures to "maintain an attitude of strict parity with respect to both belligerent parties."

BROKEN BACK; WORKS.

Miner Minus Leg And Three Fingers
Fills Man's Place.

Clarksburg, W. Va.—With his back broken, left leg cut off near the knee, two fingers of the right hand and one finger of the left hand gone, W. H. Satterfield shovels coal and earns a good living for a family of six children at the mine of the McGraw Coal Company at Simpson, near this city. Fifteen years ago he fell over a cliff at a stone quarry and broke his back. Physicians said he couldn't get well. His left leg has been cut off four times. The bone is broken and is said to be slowly decaying. It is necessary to amputate often.

BLEW OFF SISTER'S HEAD.

Six-Year-Old Boy Was Playing With
Father's Gun.

Luray, Va.—Returning from an early hunting trip in the Blue Ridge, David Smelser, who lives in the Kimball neighborhood, five miles east of Luray, handed his wife his gun, telling her to put it away. For some reason Mrs. Smelser failed to carry out her husband's request. The Smelser children were left alone in the room where a six-year-old boy playfully picked up the gun and pointed it toward his sister. When the weapon was discharged her head was blown away.

OIL CONCERN RAISES WAGES.

All Employees of Atlantic Refining
Company To Benefit.

Franklin, Pa.—An increase in the wages of all employees of the Atlantic Refining Company, once a subsidiary of the Standard Oil Company, was announced. Employees at the Franklin, Pittsburgh and Philadelphia plants are affected, the base being an advance of 1½ cents an hour for laborers.

BREAKFAST LATE; KILLS SELF.

Virginia Farmer Fires Revolver Bullet
Into Brain.

Winchester, Va.—Because his housekeeper failed to have breakfast ready when he came downstairs, Gordon F. Hardy, 35 years old and unmarried, living on a farm near Winchester, went into the yard and committed suicide. He fired a bullet into his heart and died instantly. It is thought he was temporarily deranged.

CITY SALARIES CUT A FOURTH.

Mayor And All Other Nashville Officials Affected.

Nashville, Tenn.—Chancellor Allison cut the salaries of all city officials and employees from the Mayor down, 25 per cent, and authorized a municipal loan of \$167,000 for current expenses. Chancellor Allison's action is a consequence of the so-called City Hall scandal in which charges of financial irregularities were made and a receiver was asked for Nashville. The city's credit is not impaired.

FRANK TAKEN FROM PRISON BY MOB

Warden Smith Held Up By
Armed Men.

PRISON WIRES WERE CUT

Reported Hanged Five Miles Away—
Wires Cut, Guards Overpowered
And Convict Carried Off
In Auto.

IMPORTANT EVENTS IN FRANK CASE.

1913.
April 26—Mary Phagan murdered.
April 29—Frank arrested, charged with murder.
June 28—Frank indicted for murder of girl.
August 22—Trial begins.
August 26—Found guilty and sentenced to be hanged.
October 31—Motion for new trial denied.

1914.
February 17—Georgia Supreme Court denies Frank new trial.
March 7—Frank again sentenced to be hanged.
December 28—United States Supreme Court Justice Lamar grants Frank new hearing on writ of error.

1915.
February 26—Supreme Court listens to new arguments.
April 19—Supreme Court sustains conviction.
May 10—Frank, for third time, sentenced to be hanged.
June 21—Governor Slaton commutes Frank's sentence to life imprisonment.
July 17—Frank stabbed by fellow-convict at Georgia State Prison Farm.
August 17—Frank kidnapped from prison farm by score of armed men, taken to Little River and shot to death. Body found.

Atlanta.—Leo M. Frank was lynched early Tuesday after he had been kidnapped from the State prison farm at Milledgeville and rushed into a speedy automobile almost to Marietta, Ga., where is buried the body of Mary Phagan, the girl whom Frank was convicted of killing in a pencil factory at Atlanta.

Frank's body was found riddled with bullets and hanging by the neck to a tree two miles from Marietta on the Roswell road, many hours after he had been carried away from the prison farm by a band that apparently had been carefully organized to overcome any resistance.

The mob was orderly, but worked with quick precision. Eight automobiles took the men to within a short distance of the prison. First of all, wires from the prison and all except one from Milledgeville were cut.

Warden Held With Pistols.

Five men went to the house of J. T. Smith, the warden, covered him with pistols and stood guard over him. Other men went to the house of J. M. Burke, superintendent of the prison, and held him under cover of their guns.

Practically every other member of the mob then rushed to the stockade gate nearest the dormitory where Frank was being housed.

Two Guards On Duty.

Only two guards were on duty. The mob quickly overpowered chief night guard Heester and the other man on duty, proceeded to the dormitory, and within a few minutes seized Frank and rushed him back to the automobiles.

The seizure of Frank was not a surprise, as it had been reported ever since Frank's sentence was commuted that an organization had been formed throughout the State whose members were "to get" Frank and also ex-Governor John M. Slaton, who commuted Frank's sentence.

Governor To Hunt Down Mob.
Governor Nat Harris was awakened to be told of the abduction of Frank by a mob.

"I am greatly shocked and grieved," declared the Governor, "and I do not believe the people of Georgia will approve of this action. I am sure that it will hurt Georgia greatly everywhere and I am extremely sorry that it occurred. It can be taken for granted that I will use my every power to see that the members of the mob receive fitting punishment for their crime. I will see to it that the authorities of the county in which this crime occurred are given every help at the disposal of the State."

CHICAGO ELECTIONS COME HIGH.

Cost For 1916 Estimated At Not Less
Than \$2,307,000.

Chicago.—According to estimates made public by the Election Commissioners the elections in Cook county (Chicago) in 1916 will cost \$2,307,000. For eight months of the year the election machinery will be active and polling places will be opened 17 times. The estimate includes the cost of registrations, primaries and elections proper.

ZEPPELINS RAID AGAIN.

Six Persons Killed, 23 Injured; 14
Houses Badly Damaged.

London.—Official announcement was made of an airship raid on the east coast of England. The official announcement says that six persons were killed, 23 were injured and 14 houses were damaged seriously by bombs and that one Zeppelin was probably damaged, but escaped.

Over one-third of the total area of Holland lies below sea level.



BAVARIANS FORCE WAY ACROSS BUG

Leopold's Army Drive Wedge
Into Russian Front.

KOVNA DEFENSES ATTACKED

War Party Wins in Greek Parliament
—Venizelos' Victory Over Gov-
ernment Fixes Eyes Upon
Balkans.

London.—The left wing of the Bavarian Army under Prince Leopold has fought its way across the Bug River near Drohiczyn, which lies to the east of Sokolow and is some 50 miles northwest of Brest-Litovsk, according to the official Berlin report.

This move forms a slight wedge in the Russian front, which has been virtually straight since the Warsaw salient was abandoned.

Kovno Defenses Attacked.

Field Marshal von Mackensen also is reported to be pushing back the Russian along the Bug, where the Germans are advancing along the eastern bank of that river. Farther west Field Marshal von Hindenburg is credited with a successful attack on the advanced defenses of Kovno, as well as a successful attempt to break the Russian lines between the Narew and the Bug, after the Norzwer river had been crossed by the Germans.

Turkey Ignores Bulgaria.

The withdrawal of the Bulgarian delegates from Constantinople caused much speculation here, the consensus of opinion being that Turkey is so confident of her present position that she does not feel under any compulsion to make concessions to Bulgaria's desires.

The usual grenade and mine fighting is reported on the western line and there has been some activity along minor fronts in the Caucasus, where the Russians claim that they have successfully repulsed Turkish attacks.

Russians Claim Victories.

Petrograd, via London.—The following official communication was issued:

"In the Bausk district (Courland) our troops again drove the Germans back toward the river. The enemy's counterattacks were repulsed."

"In the Jacobstadt and Dyvank districts, there has been no essential change in the situation."

"On the left bank of the Bug there have been no important engagements. In the other sectors on our front there have been local artillery fights, but no important engagements."

Press Retreating Russians.

Vienna, via London.—The following official statement was issued at the Austrian War Office:

"In the district west of the Bug the pursuit of the Russians is proceeding energetically. Austro-Hungarian troops advancing in the center of the Allies' line are closely following the retreating enemy west of Biala across the Kilkawa."

"The divisions under Archduke Joseph Ferdinand gained ground in the district south-west of Biala."

LAST OF A FAMOUS FIRM GONE.

John W. Harper, Last Survivor Of
Harper Brothers.

Biddeford, Maine.—John W. Harper, of New York, last survivor of the Harper Bros. magazine publishers, died at Biddeford Pool. He was 84 years of age.

BATH TUB MURDERER HANGED.

Man Accused Of Drowning Three
Wives For Insurance.

London.—George Joseph Smith, the wife murderer, was hanged at Maidstone. Smith was found guilty by a jury on July 1. He was accused of murdering three wives in order to collect insurance money on their lives. In each case the victim was found drowned in a bathtub soon after the wedding ceremony.

ELECTED PRESIDENT OF HAITI.

General Dartiguenave Gets Majority
Of 72.

Port au Prince.—General Dartiguenave was elected President of the Haitian republic by the National Assembly.

He received a majority of 72 out of the 116 votes cast.

The voting for the various Presidential candidates was as follows: General Dartiguenave, 74; Luxembourg, 14; Emmanuel Thevenaz, 4; Dr. Rosalie Bobo, 3; and blank, 1.

BATTLED HIGH UP IN THE CLOUDS

The Austrians Cross Mountains
of 11,000 Feet.

MAKE A DASH INTO ITALY

Penetrated Enemy's Country For Five
Miles—Daring Of Foe Equal
To Their Own, Say
Italians.

Rome, via Paris.—The effectiveness of Italian Alpine troops in repulsing two Austrian attempts to cross the frontier through passes of the Alps at an altitude of 1,000 feet is praised by the Italian War Office in the official statement. The announcement says:

"In the steep, rugged zone of the Furva Valley the enemy, who, on the 4th had reconnoitered by patrols, which were immediately driven back through the Vez Pass (10,000 feet high), delivered an attack on the night of the 9th across the Forno Glacier against our troops posted near the hotel of the same name, while another detachment advanced through the Gedeval Pass (11,000 feet) against those of our troops who occupied Capanna Cedese."

"The watchfulness of our Alpine troops, who, notwithstanding glaciers and high peaks, are incessantly active, succeeded in frustrating this bold double maneuver, and the enemy was soon repulsed. He was then counter-attacked and forced to flee."

"In Cadore small encounters turning in our favor are reported in the high valleys of Anser and Visdende. In one of these fights we took prisoner 40 light infantrymen."

"Isolated infantry and artillery actions also took place in Carnia, in the Valley of the Torrent of Fontebana. An Austrian detachment trying to climb the Italian slope was attached and put to flight."

Got Five Miles Into Italy.

Brescia, Italy, via Paris.—The exploit of Austrian troops called for audacity and endurance which Italians concede rival feats of their own Alpine soldiers, of whom they are so proud. The Austrian mountaineers succeeded in penetrating Italian territory for some distance before they were driven back.

The Austrians made their advance through the Furva Valley. They were obliged to cross granite mountains 11,000 feet high, covered with snow. They also made their way over the Forno Glacier, the largest of 60 in that region, being eight miles wide.

After surmounting these difficulties the Austrians succeeded in penetrating five miles beyond the border, but when detected and attacked by Italian troops were forced to fall back.

FIVE KILLED IN POWDER PLANT.

Only Workmen in Gelatine House
Blown To Pieces.

Emporium, Pa.—Five men were killed and the gelatine house of the Aetna Explosive Company's plant, at Grove Run, near here, was blown to pieces by an explosion. Two other buildings were badly damaged, and the entire country side shaken. The men—Joseph Strayer, Fred Haskins, Emory Haskins, Ossie Miller and Michael Campbell—were the only employees in the building when the explosion occurred, and officials said the cause would probably never be known. The company has been engaged in filling war orders, it was stated.

PEACE WITH HONOR.

Aim Of Wilson, Says Vice-President
Marshall.

Kansas City, Mo.—"Peace with honor is what President Wilson is trying to hold for the United States," said Thomas R. Marshall, Vice-President, who arrived here on a speaking tour. "But if it should come to the point where we should not be able to maintain peace with honor and would have to fight, then we would fight and that's all there is to it."

\$2,500,000,000 MORE FOR WAR.

German Federal Council Calls For New
Credit.

London.—A Reuter dispatch from Amsterdam says: "A Berlin telegram received here states that in a bill voted today by the Federal Council for a supplementary Imperial budget for 1915 a new credit of \$10,000,000,000 marks (\$2,500,000,000) was asked for."

Louisiana shows the greatest percentage of illiteracy of all the States.

BALKANS NOW TO PLAY BIG ROLE

Both Sides Make Desperate
Efforts for Support.

ISSUE IS FAR-REACHING

Allies To Smash Their Way Through
the Dardanelles Before the
Teutons Can Get To
Constantinople.

London.—Movements overshadowing in importance even the operations in Poland are being made in the Balkan theater of war.

British operations against the Dardanelles and Austro-German threats against Serbia are beginning to evolve themselves into a race for the support of the Balkan States.

The Balkan situation at present dominates all others in all the capitals of Europe.

Everything points to a vigorous offensive by the Austro-Germans against Serbia at an early date with the object of crushing the Serbian army in order to force Bulgaria to give free passage to Teuton forces needed for the relief of Constantinople.

Leading critics in Italy and France consider this plan of the German general staff very serious. Should it succeed it would involve the complete failure of the Allies' efforts at the Dardanelles and the final immobilization of the Balkan States, whose cooperation is now sought by the quadruple entente.

The Allies' Hope.

No great hope is entertained that the Allies will succeed in inducing the Balkan States to intervene on their side but it is hoped that they will remain neutral.

In order to defeat the Germans at their own plan the Allies on Gallipoli have commenced a tremendous offensive against the Turks in a desperate effort to smash the Dardanelles defenses and reach Constantinople before Germany can throw an army through Serbia. More than 50,000 fresh troops have been landed on Gallipoli within the last week and their appearance has heralded a violent drive on the entire front.

Still more reinforcements, both French and British, are semi-officially reported en route for the Straits.

Intense naval activity is evident in cooperation with the land attacks of the Allies. Unofficial dispatches continue to report the torpedoing of the Turkish cruiser Goeben (renamed Sultan Selim after her purchase from Germany by Turkey) by a British submarine which penetrated into the Black Sea.

Demands for the opening of a path to Turkey are being voiced in Berlin and proclamations that Germany is preparing to send an army to aid the Turks are being spread broadcast in Constantinople, according to the latest advices.

BAN TO GO ON COTTON.

State Department Learns Allies Will
Make It Contraband.

Washington.—The Allies' intention to declare cotton contraband has been communicated unofficially but authoritatively to the State Department. The department's advices are that the decision has been reached and the delay in making an announcement is due to the necessity of arranging uniform treatment of the subject by all the Allies.

The step has been agreed upon by Great Britain, France, Russia, Italy and Belgium, but Japan's attitude has not been defined and she may decide that no action is called for from her at this time, because of the elimination of the only German colony in the Far East from the military problem, and the absence of any reason for a blockade.

11-CENT POSTAGE STAMP NOW.

Government To Issue It To Meet Parcel Post Need.

Washington.—A 11-cent postage stamp will soon make its appearance. The new stamp was made necessary by parcel post. In the first zones there are thousands of packages upon which the fee for postage and insurance amounts to 11 cents, and the Postoffice Department reached the conclusion that a 11-cent stamp would save time at the postage-stamp counters. The new stamp bears the head of Franklin in profile from Houdon's bust. It is the same shape and size of other stamps. Ordinary stamps now embrace denominations from 1 to 12 cents, together with 15 cents, 20 cents, 30 cents, 50 cents and \$1.

THE COUNTRY AT LARGE

Mobilization of the full strength of the Massachusetts militia, as a demonstration of preparedness, was proposed by Governor Walsh and favored by leading business men at a meeting in Boston.

The National Enameling and Stamping Company has completed several shipments of kitchen utensils for the Allied armies.

August Orbolph is arrested, charged with making drawings of military reservations and lighthouses. He claims German nationality.

C. H. Lockridge shot and killed himself because Miss May Tension charged him with shooting her on August 9.

Advices from London intimate that the recent shipment of gold will be supplemented by heavy imports from South Africa and Australia.

Mayor Bell, of Indianapolis, will be arraigned in court on September 7, charged with election irregularities.

GERMAN U-BOAT SINKS TRANSPORT

First British Troop Ship Lost
Since War Began.

1,000 SOLDIERS ON BOARD

Over 700,000 Soldiers Taken To
France Without Any Losses—
Transports Escorted By
Warships.

London.—The British Admiralty's record of transporting great numbers of troops to the various fighting zones without the loss of life, so far as reported officially has been broken after more than a year of war. The torpedo of a submarine has at last found the mark and the transport Royal Edward has gone to the bottom in the Aegean Sea with a loss of life which may reach 1,000. The Admiralty announcement shows that the Royal Edward was engaged in transporting troops to the Dardanelles front, where Australians and New Zealanders have been largely employed.

The transport had on board 32 military officers and 1,350 troops in addition to the ship's crew of 220 officers and men. The troops consisted mainly of reinforcements for the Twenty-ninth Division and details of the Royal Army Medical Corps.

On two previous occasions transports have been attacked. The Wayfarer was torpedoed by a submarine in the Irish Sea, but the vessel was not sunk and only five lives were lost. The Manitou was attacked by a Turkish torpedo boat in the Aegean Sea and, although the ship was not damaged, 54 lives were lost through the breaking of a davit as a boat was being lowered.

The loss of the Royal Edward is a serious one at this moment. The men it carried were not part of a

LOVE in a HURRY

By GELETT BURGESS
ILLUSTRATED BY RAY WALTERS

SYNOPSIS.

Hall Bonistelle, artist-photographer, prepares for the day's work in his studio. Flodie Fisher, his assistant, reminds him of a party he is to give in the studio that night, and that his business is in bad financial shape. Mr. Doremus, attorney and justice of the peace, calls and informs Hall that his Uncle John's will has left him \$400,000 on condition that he marry before his twenty-eighth birthday, which begins at midnight that night. Mrs. Remy Royaltion calls at the studio. Hall asks her to marry him. She agrees to give him an answer at the party that night. Miss Carolyn Dallys calls. Hall proposes to her. She agrees to give him an answer at the party. Rosamund, artist model, calls. Hall tries to rush her into an immediate marriage. She, too, defers her answer until the evening. Flodie tries to show Hall a certain way out of the mixup, but he is obtuse. Jonas Hassingbury, heir to the millions in case Hall fails to marry on time, plots with Flodie to block Hall's marriage to any of the three women before midnight. Flodie arranges to have Hall's three intendeds meet at the studio. Carolyn, Flodie, Rosamund and Rosamund come in first and compare notes.

CHAPTER VII—Continued.

Rosamund flinched, but recovered to sneer. "Well, then, what answer did you give him, I'd like to know!" Carolyn was, for a moment, non-plused. "Oh," she replied, finally, "I didn't want to throw him down too hard, you know. I said I'd let him know later, so that I could break it to him gently."

"Exactly. So did I!" Rosamund, triumphant, scrambled upon Carolyn's lifeboat. "But I don't intend to break it to him very gently, after this!"

"No," Carolyn reflected grimly. "We ought to make it just a little harder for him, don't you think? We might even torture him a bit—if possible. The question is, how to do it." She contemplated Rosamund, musing on revenge.

"I don't understand it at all!" Rosamund complained. "Why in the world should a man act like that?"

"My dear Miss Gale, I don't know. But I do know that it's just like men. You never can tell what they'll do. You think you know them—you think you're perfectly safe—years go by and they seem perfectly human and rational—and then—piff! They explode. No woman yet has ever solved the mystery."

Rosamund's suavity was perfect as she looked Carolyn over pragmatically. "Funny you let Hall Bonistelle go so far with you, wasn't it? Say, he must have shocked you awfully!"

"Now, see here!" said Carolyn firmly, putting her hand on Rosamund's shoulder. "There's no use in our bickering like this. Don't you realize that we're in the same boat? Now, you say you don't want to marry Hall. I'd like to be sure, though, before I go any further."

"Oh, you needn't worry," cried Rosamund, "you can have him, so far as I'm concerned!"

Carolyn couldn't keep from smiling now; Rosamund was too much for her. "Oh, thank you very much; but I have other plans for him. And we ought to try to find out what in the world he's up to."

"Do you suppose it could possibly be a joke?" Rosamund asked anxiously.

"It looks to me," said Carolyn, reflecting, "as if somebody had slipped a powder or something into his coffee. Or, it may be a disease. Incipient insanity, perhaps. No doubt he's going about proposing to everyone today, and—"

Carolyn paused. The door was opening. Mrs. Royaltion entered.

CHAPTER VIII.

Mrs. Royaltion, in an almost too-vivid shade of purple, was, in contrast to the two rather excited women already there, calm, cool and confident. Things were going very well with Remy Royaltion; she had a man in her pocket. Remy was getting on; thirty-five had struck its warning bell; if she were going to be married again, why not now? Wasn't Hall Bonistelle handsome? Wasn't he well born and bred? Remy had thought him over, and decided to accept him. She entered, therefore, in a most becomingly amiable state of mind, lofty and somewhat detached.

To Carolyn she gave a smiling but suspicious, "Why, hello, Carolyn! You here?" and to Rosamund the quick, unconscious tribute due the natural blonde. Her eyes returned to Carolyn, a little troubled. "I didn't expect to see you again so soon, my dear!" she said.

Rosamund, meanwhile, was staring at the prototype of the portrait which had started the discussion of Hall's intimacies. Carolyn, noticing, introduced her. Rosamund, however, did not interest Remy Royaltion so much as did Carolyn herself.

"Where is Mr. Bonistelle?" she asked.

"Oh, he's out—as usual," said Carolyn. "I expect Miss Fisher will attend to you, though."

Mrs. Royaltion, abridged her shoulders. "Miss Fisher will hardly do for what I want," she said. "I'm afraid I'll have to see Mr. Bonistelle himself."

Improving the camp meal. Various Condiments That Should Never Be Forgotten When Party Goes on a Camping.

A well-filled box of spices will be thankfully remembered at every camp meal, if somebody is thoughtful enough to pack it. And see that it reaches its destination, for even the plainest food can be rendered appetizing by judicious seasoning, and the most appetizing dishes of camp fare

When will you be here? . . . All right, good-bye!"

Mrs. Royaltion and Rosamund still sat as if entranced, but Carolyn Dallys rose impatiently now, and glanced about, as if in search of an excuse. The room was tensely charged with electricity. It was evident that in another minute the explosion must come. But, first, how to get rid of this important, busy little Miss Fisher?

Flodie herself answered the unvoiced question. Wasn't she as desirous as any of them to bring the thing to a head? Yes; so she must fly and leave the field of battle clear. Still smiling, she disappeared into the stockroom. She left the door ajar.

Mrs. Royaltion rose, with a self-conscious smile. "Well, Carolyn," she said, "I suppose I'll have to tell you, now. It is most unfortunate that Miss Fisher wasn't more discreet in her conversation. But so long as she has let the cat out of the bag, I might as well inform you that the ring she was talking to Hall about is for this finger!"

She held up her left hand, her thumb pointing to her third finger.

Carolyn, with a whoop, fell into Rosamund's arms, and the two laughed until they cried.

Mrs. Royaltion stared as if they had suddenly gone mad. Then she exclaimed angrily, "I'd like to know what there is to laugh at! I don't see anything particularly amusing in the fact that I'm going to marry Hall Bonistelle!"

"Oh, don't you?" Carolyn gurgled. "Miss Gale, do you see anything funny in it?"

"Funny! It's a scream!" Rosamund shouted with mirth. "Who'll be the next one?"

"Oh, the more the merrier!" cried Carolyn.

Remy Royaltion drew herself up proudly. "I think you're exceedingly impudent!" she replied.

Carolyn dried her eyes on a lace handkerchief. "Remy," she said, still giggling, "I don't know whether it's too true to be funny, or too funny to be true. But you ought to be in on this joke, really, my dear. It will interest you strangely!"

"Well, I don't call it a joke. It's an outrage!" cried Rosamund.

"Say, Miss Gale," Carolyn turned confidentially, "d'you know, we ought really to form a society of the survivors, you know. Remy's the oldest, and we'll elect her president!"

Mrs. Royaltion stared from one to the other, her temper rising. Finally she remarked cuttingly, "I must say, Carolyn, you're not saying much."

"Never mind, Carolyn, dear, it isn't because I haven't anything to say! You don't expect me to go about repeating things he has said to me in confidence, do you?"

"Oh!" said Carolyn, narrowing her eyes, "then Hall has been confiding in you, too, has he?"

By this time Rosamund was hard on the scent, having almost caught up to Carolyn's suspicions. She said nothing, but her eyes were hot and shining, as she scrutinized Mrs. Royaltion's face.

"See here," said Carolyn, now thoroughly interested, "I don't see why I haven't a right to know. I'm a pretty good friend of Hall's—you know that—and I think you ought to be able to trust me."

"Well, it isn't only trusting you—" Mrs. Royaltion looked significantly at Rosamund, sulkily listening.

"Well, I declare!" said Carolyn calmly, "Remy Royaltion, either you're making an awful fool of yourself, or else Hall Bonistelle has actually—"

She got no further. Flodie, head up, with a busy air, bustled into the room, carrying a handful of prints. She stopped suddenly, with a fine imitation of surprise, and gazed at Mrs. Royaltion.

"Oh, Mrs. Royaltion!" she exclaimed. "Why didn't you let me know you were here? I've got your proofs all ready for you. I think they are splendid!"

She handed them over, and approached Carolyn with two other proofs. "Here are yours, Miss Dallys. I'm sorry to have kept you waiting so long." She returned to Mrs. Royaltion.

"Oh, how I dread to look at them!" that lady was saying. She was, nevertheless, perusing them hungrily.

Carolyn meanwhile had stridden across the room to Rosamund, and the two girls conspired as Mrs. Royaltion lost herself in her portraits.

"Oh, I don't like that one— . . . Really? . . . Why, I look a hundred years old! . . . There! That's more like me. . . . Which one do you like best, Miss Fisher? . . . No, do you? Why, I think it's awful. My eyes are so hard to take right; you don't get the soul in them, somehow. . . . Oh, I think I ought to try another sitting. don't you? . . . Say, where is Mr. Bonistelle, anyway?"

There came a ring at the telephone. Flodie jumped to snatch up the receiver.

"Hello! . . . Yes. . . . Why, what's the matter? . . . Oh, naturally. . . . Wait just a minute, please!"

Flodie stopped and held her hand over the transmitter. "Oh, Miss Dallys, would you and Miss Gale mind not talking quite so loud for a minute? I can't hear very well."

There was a long pause, and the three women, all studying Flodie's face, saw a dozen different expressions pass over it in quick succession. Then she spoke again. "Really? Oh, you know, Mr. Bonistelle—well, personally, I like them. . . . Oh, I don't know, but a big diamond is so funny, somehow. . . . What? . . . Oh, yes. . . . Well, I know. . . . Oh, but it's awful to pawn that! Why, it was your father's, wasn't it? . . . Well, of course you know best. . . . Oh, didn't you? Well, I might send it by the janitor. . . . Where did you leave it? . . ."

Carolyn, which is more bulky to carry. Tomatoes always live up to a canned soup, and so also a shaving of garlic and a squeeze of lemon juice. When using the sauce remember that it must be cooked with the soup. A raw egg, beaten into the soup after it has been taken from the fire, or milk cooked with it, is a splendid reviver.

Shocking. "Speaking of electrifying modern dances, have you seen the induction coil?"—Cornell Widow.

The first

TAKE UP SMALL HAT

NEW YORK WOMEN ENTHUSIASTICALLY ADOPT STYLE.

Lines of French Costume Still Form a Model That is Accepted as the Mode—Is Really Convenient Type.

The women in New York are adopting the tiny hat with enthusiasm, probably because they realize that it may be their last chance to get the good out of it. It, too, is unusually unbecoming. Unless there is exactly the right set of features beneath it, this tip-tilted hat with its foolish little brim is exceedingly trying. It does not need a beauty to wear it; few fashions have been designed with that asset in view. It needs that quality more difficult than mere beauty: indispensible style. This asset is the fetish of our women, not loveliness. All the beauty in the world today only receives the tribute of this remark: how lovely she would be if she knew how to wear her clothes!

It would seem as though that well-known model from France that came over last spring, with straight front and back and slightly curved sides, is to be the chosen one for early autumn wear. It is featured by many of the best houses over here, made of silk and of serge, combined with satin. The lines from shoulder to hips are quite straight, chemise-like, with the sides either belted or curved to outline the figure.

They are usually called redingote gowns, because they suggest the new redingote tunic that Cheruit is putting out this summer. The one-piece frock that carries out the same effect of an unbroken line from shoulder to heel is better than a two-piece suit, which gives more material to be a burden to the figure.

These belted tunics, as the dress-makers often called them, were offered in vain to the majority of our women last March and April, but they were looked at askance as being too unconventional. Now they have become the chief stock of some of the houses that make a practice of dressing the woman who wants to be in the swing of a popular fashion. They are the most convenient type of gown that one can wear. They do not confine the figure at any spot, and cover the surplus of flesh that may give too much of a curve to the figure for agreement with the modern standard.

The majority are of dark blue and many have an acceptable touch of scarlet, either through embroidery or worked buttonholes, through which is run the lacing of ribbon that holds the gown together down the front or back. This omission of hook and eyes or buttons and the substitution of ribbon or silk cord run through prominent buttonholes heavily ornamented with a colored silk is accepted on all sides.

A hostess at a tea, a woman who always has the last thing from Callot or Cheruit, wore a white chiffon frock that swung gracefully away from the figure and was laced up half its length with white satin ribbon.

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COZY COVERS THAT WASH

Desirable in That They Are So Easily Kept Clean and Have Look of Freshness.

Washable cozy covers are very nice for everyday use, as they can be so easily kept clean and fresh-looking. We give a sketch here of a simple, dainty cover, carried out in white spotted muslin; our model was made with a lining of pale blue sateen that could easily be slipped out when the muslin is washed. Of course, the color of this lining should be selected to suit the tea or breakfast service the cozy is used with.

A hemstitched frill of plain muslin is carried quite across and loops of cord are sewn in the center for lifting purposes. The spotted muslin must be cut deep enough to allow of the edge being turned well under the inside, where it may be tacked to the cozy or fastened by press studs.

Carolyn nodded to Rosamund. "Make it ten-fifteen, then. I expect he proposes every quarter of an hour, rain or shine."

"But I don't see," said Rosamund, "if she accepted him, why he ever proposed to us!"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Red Sea Colored by Weeds. The drowning of Pharaoh and his host in the Red sea had nothing to do with its name. It takes this from a peculiar reddish color remarked at certain seasons of the year in parts of this sea, due to marine plants, or to reddish animalcules, called by sailors "whale feed," which float on like scum; or to the reefs of red coral which abound in many parts of it; or, possibly, to the fact that its upper course was one of the boundaries of Edom, "the red." No Biblical scholar of any repute has ever asserted that the sea took its name from the overthrow of Pharaoh.

Common oatmeal, the coarse, cheap sort that is bought in bulk, and bran are materials any home that is not in the wilderness can have, and with the use of either of these a bath that is reviving to both looks and nerves can be had for less than five cents. Either medium is put in a cheese-cloth bag four or six inches square, the filling rather loose than packed, and one of these, or more as liked, is agitated in the warm water until it looks a little thick and milky.

Oatmeal used in this way makes a specially delightful bath, definitely whitening to the skin after a while.

BATHS THAT ARE FRAGRANT. Oatmeal and Bran Both to Be Considered as Cheap and Luxurious Accessories.

There is nothing more potent for beauty purposes than the all-over warm bath. It has something sweet in it—something you know is going to improve your looks—it acts like a charm, for both the senses and the imagination count with beautifying tricks.

Novel Stocking Design. So popular were the high military boots that could be worn with comfort during cold weather that designers have made it possible for women to have the military effect in footwear without having to be encumbered with superfluous material during the warm days. A striking pair of stockings has for its design 13 simulated buttons and buttonholes along the side of each stocking and several rows of outlining done with heavy silk, giving the effect of the top and of the overlapping side of the boot. A silk tassel hangs from the middle of the top line of stitches at the front, adding to the pair of hose a true military touch.

To Prevent Tomatoes Curdling. A pinch of bicarbonate of soda mixed with tomato-juice are to be cooked with tomatoes. You will prevent their curdling.

Work Guarantee.

FOR EARLY AUTUMN



A Useful Tailored Style is the Design Shown Here; It May Be Carried Out in Cloth, Serge, Gaberdine or Woolen Cord. Desirable Fullness is Given to the Skirt by Two Flat Plaits That Are Made Each Side Both Front and Back; They Are Stitched Nearly to the Knees, Then Are Left to Fall Free. The Coat Has Sleeves Set in to Ordinary Armholes. Hat of Dark Blue Taffeta, With Clusters of Cherries Under the Raised Brim.

POCKETS THAT ARE HANDY. Travelers Will Appreciate the Comfort That is Afforded by These Appliances.

When traveling, a couple of roomy pockets that are quite safe yet easily got at are a great boon, and if made as shown on a sort of deep band, they can be worn under the traveling coat without showing, as it is usually loose, or might even be put under the skirt, and unless anything very bulky was put in would not much disarrange the set of the skirt.

For just holding money, jewelry, and a few letters, the band need not be more than about 6 or 7 inches deep, but one of larger size would be useful when gardening, or doing household work, as will be seen from the small sketch at top. It is just a straight band of material, which might match the skirt, and can be lined or not, according to strength needed; it is bound all round with narrow ribbon and is buttoned in front or might be fixed with press studs.

The envelope pockets are sewed on and have buttoned-over flaps. The top of the band could be fixed to skirt by small safety pins or small press studs. The half of a stud sewed each side skirt would be little seen.

Pretty Porch Couch Scheme. A soft color scheme might be built up on willow furniture of gray. If upholstered, the cushions should be covered either with green-and-white or green-and-gray stripes, or a softly colored cretonne. With a green grass rug, in the middle of which there is a rather large green table, on which there should be placed a bowl of soft gray-green, this porch is a delight. Flowers in season will add to the charm of this charming porch. Imagine in this bowl or jar, great pink-and-white peonies, dahlias, roses!

Gray is Popular. Gray is one of the most popular shades. It is cool, and when it is becoming is really charming. But there are many types of face and color that cannot stand gray, and it should be worn, especially in the paler shades, only after careful thought.

and imparting to it a satin softness and the most subtle fragrance. The bran is a shade less useful, but a bath with it leaves the sense of delicious cleanliness.

The Gunpowder Junior Agricultural Club, composed of farmers living in the upper section of Baltimore county, met at the home of Thomas V. Richardson, of Phoenix, and discussed the growing of alfalfa and the keeping of cows for dairy purposes. J. L. Hudson, Baltimore county agricultural demonstrator, was present and took a leading part in the discussion. W. G. Curry, president and E. G. McCloskey, of the Sparks Agricultural High School, was secretary. About 25 men and a number of ladies were present.

Charles G. McMullen, 55 years old, operator for the Western Union Telegraph Company at Bedford, committed suicide by firing a bullet into his brain. He had been the operator at Bedford for 20 years. He had recently been to a Cumberland hospital, but returned home despondent. Fearing he might kill himself his wife hid his gun and ammunition. He asked his wife to let him have the pistol to clean, saying a head wished to use it to kill hawks. Later she heard a report and found him dead, the bullet having entered the right eye.

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MARYLAND NEWS IN SHORT ORDER

The Latest Gleanings From All Over the State.

TOLD IN SHORT PARAGRAPHS

Alderman Lloyd C. Culler and Mrs. Culler, of Frederick, were injured when their automobile struck the side of a bridge. With Thomas Culler at the wheel, they were on their way to Baltimore. Near Mount Carmel, on the State road, in attempting to pass a buggy, the machine went too far to one side. Mr. Culler received a severe cut across the nose and a gash above the eye from flying glass. Mrs. Culler was bruised about the head and body.

Mrs. Earl Biddinger, of Woodsboro, is ill from the sting of an insect received while attending the State Grange Fair at Taneytown. A few minutes before taking a train for home she felt a sting on her neck and brushed off a small insect. Her condition became so serious on the train that a physician was telephoned to meet the train at Woodsboro. She was taken to the home of her father, Frank Hiltabridge, and for a while was in a critical condition.

The William H. Roe Harvester and Implement Company has been incorporated at Hagerstown, with a capital stock of \$20,000, by William H. Roe, Baltimore; Andrew K. Coffman, Mayberry; I. Patterson, Charles F. Strode, Oscar D. Bower, H. Lionel Meredith and Gorman S. Bussard, of Hagerstown. The company, which will manufacture a corn-harvesting machine invented by Mr. Roe, is negotiating for the lease of a factory building at Halfway.

The School Commissioners for Talbot county at a recent meeting went over the 50 or more applications for the position of principal of the Eastern High School to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Professor S. S. Handy, who goes to St. John's College, Annapolis, and appointed Professor C. A. McBride, who has been principal of the high school at Newmarket, Frederick county, Md., and who is at present principal of the high school at Sumpter, S. C.

Charles Wesley Fontaine, a retired newspaper publisher of Princess Anne, died at the Peninsula General Hospital at Salisbury. Mr. Fontaine was 73 years of age. He was taken ill about a month ago, and during the early part of last week his condition became so alarming that he was removed to the hospital, where an operation was performed. Mr. Fontaine rallied from the operation and for a time it was believed he would recover.

Eugene H. Harrison, Mayor of Brunswick, announced his candidacy for State Senator on the Republican ticket. Convinced that the liquor problem was one with which the people have the right to deal, he came out in favor of any measure that will grant to the people the right to vote on the liquor traffic in district, county or state.

Martin, the young son of Alvey Castle, of Williamsport, was drowned in the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, at the Two Locks, where Mr. Castle is the locktender. The body was located by means of a broom with which the child had been playing, and was found floating on the water.

During a severe electrical storm which passed over that section, lightning struck the large water tank on the property of the Cecil County Almshouse near Cherry Hill, and set it on fire. The structure was destroyed. The dwelling of the Misses Holt, Elkton, and damaged.

Edward Dwyer, Cumberland, has announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for House of Delegates. The following have announced themselves for road directors: Benjamin F. Middleton, Republican, and J. J. Lydinger and Joseph M. Brady, Democrats.

D. Harry Ankeny, Cearfoss, announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for County Commissioner, and David E. Gossard, Williamsport, announced his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for Sheriff.

The School Commissioners of Cecil county have awarded Marion Boulton, of Elkton, the scholarship at St. John's College. The board also decided to reopen the schools September 7.

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ALL CANDIDATES FILE PAPERS. Final Day For Entering Primaries For State-Wide Nominations.

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STATE

TOO MUCH TOBACCO HERE.

Inspector Wilkinson Considers A Shipment Embargo.

The flood of shipments of Maryland tobacco to the State tobacco warehouses in Baltimore has been so great that Inspector Wilkinson has seriously considered the placing of an embargo on shipments for the present. After talking over the situation with a number of men interested, he decided to hold off any orders looking to an embargo for the present and do the best he can with the tobacco as it comes in.

The weather all summer has been ideal for the packing of tobacco, in that there has been so much rain and the moisture in the atmosphere has been abundant. Tobacco cannot be handled in dry weather, as it will crumble to pieces, and the only time the growers can handle it and pack it in hogsheads after it has been cured is when the weather is "soft," as they call it. There has been so much "soft" weather recently that nearly all the tobacco in the State has been packed and the growers have been piling it into the warehouses here at a rate that has not been equalled for years.

The result has been that the warehouses, both those of the State and of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, have had all their available space taken up. There is some space left in the Baltimore and Ohio warehouse, but that space, it is said, is being reserved for the Ohio tobacco which that road handles, and for which it has been accustomed to provide warehouse facilities.

The congestion of tobacco in the warehouses is said to be due to the lack of shipping facilities to the other side of the ocean. Practically all the tobacco grown in Maryland and much of that grown in Ohio is purchased by the French Government. The buyers, it is said, have bought liberally, but have been unable to take the tobacco away because of the difficulty of getting ships to take it abroad.

FOUR AMENDMENTS UP.

Voters To Pass On Rule Plan in November.

Four important proposals to amend the State Constitution, submitted by the last Legislature, will be voted on at the general election in November. They provide authority for home rule for the city and counties; the referendum; authority to classify property for taxation purposes, and authority to provide suspension of sentence, indeterminate sentence or parole in criminal cases.

The Home Rule amendment does not institute home rule, either for the city or the counties. It only gives the people and the Legislature authority to institute it. If the amendment is adopted, the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore city or not less than 10,000 registered voters of the city may petition the Supervisors of Elections to hold an election for a charter board. In any of the counties not less than 20 per cent. of the registered voters of the county, but not more than 10,000 in any case, may petition the local Supervisors of Elections for that purpose. In Baltimore city the charter board shall be composed of 11 men and in a county of five men. Nominations for membership in a board shall be made by petition to the Supervisors from not less than 5 per cent. of the registered voters of the city or county.

A MILLION FOR NEW BRIDGES

This Sum Will Be Needed To Link State Roads.

In linking up the new road system of Maryland with new bridges, the \$1,000,000 will be needed. It is not proposed to build these bridges at State commission estimate that over a once, but to erect them on a gradual scale. Members of the next General Assembly will come forward with bills carrying appropriations for the work. The new structures as designed will replace old ones in most cases. The new bridges are considered necessary, as the present structures are either unsafe or are approaching that condition.

The most expensive bridge proposed is that over the Severn River, at Annapolis. This needed improvement has been hanging fire for several years. Fruitless efforts have been made to induce the federal government, the Maryland Electric Railway and Anne Arundel county to join in erecting a magnificent structure. The federal government's co-operation is sought because of the proximity of the Naval Academy and of the pressing necessity for spanning the river.

TO HOLD COMMUNITY FARMS.

U. S. Government Will Supervise Montgomery Exhibitions.

Rockville.—Arrangements are being made by the United States Department of Agriculture to hold a number of community fairs in Montgomery county under the direction of Miss Evans. The first will be held at Clarksburg August 21, and on the following Monday one will be held at Potomac. Residents of the towns and surrounding county are expected to exhibit farm and garden products, flowers, domestic manufactures, dairy products, works of art, poultry, etc. Ribbons will be awarded. The community fair is designed to excite friendly competition among neighbors.

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The Middletown Transcript

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MONTESSORI METHOD

THE Transcript has received a marked copy of that ably edited organ of the followers of Mrs. Eddy, "The Christian Science Monitor," which editorially criticizes the Montessori method of teaching children, the writer basing his objection upon the ground that it avowedly uses hypnotism.

The editor of the Monitor quotes as follows from one of the bulletins of the United States Bureau of Education for the year 1912:

"Given under any system a direct sympathetic and magnetic, who understands how to lead children in the exercise of their natural aptitude without restraint or force, and the effect has just the hypnotic character which is described again and again by Montessori and has been noted by impartial visitors at the children's houses."

Thereupon he makes a learned excursion upon the practice of hypnotism from the days of the Witch of Endor to the times of Paracelsus, Mesmer and others. We quote his argument at some length.

"The mental manipulator of today uses just the same means only he uses them differently. His stock in trade is still the impressionability of the human mind. He endeavors to impress on this mind the mental picture he desires to see realized; and in proportion to the weakness of the resistance he encounters, he congratulates himself upon his success. It is for this reason that the mind of the child is supposed to be particularly fruitful soil for such experiments, and it is for this reason that children should be specially guarded against such experiments. The manipulator actually endeavors to dispossess the subject of his individuality, in order that he may substitute his own. The immediate results may be astonishing, as when a medium devoid of musical instinct suddenly develops the talent of a prima donna, but the ultimate result is that of a stunted Japanese tree.

Now is there anything very different between this and the Montessori method, say, of teaching silence? Madame Montessori explains how the teachers reduce the children to silence. We have a strong suspicion that the witch of Endor did not let Saul talk much during the process of mesmerizing him. Madame Montessori explains how a baby is taken into the schoolroom, how the children are told that they cannot be as silent as the baby. In plain English, silence is suggested to the children. When "general silence" has been attained it is further suggested to the children that they come on tiptoe and listen to the silence of the infant's breathing. When the children have done this "great silence" prevails, and again it is suggested to them that none of them can breathe so silently as the baby. As a result of this suggestion they almost cease to breathe, whereupon they are told to go out quietly, walking on the tips of their toes and making no noise. It is a lesson in silence, certainly, but it is pure mental suggestion. In these exercises it is found necessary to tell the children to close their eyes, to blindfold them and darken the rooms in which they work. The reason is perfectly simple, that while the process is in operation, the mind of the child must be made as nearly blank as possible, in order to lessen the resistance. In the same way the hypnotic practitioner will request the patient to go into an empty room, at the hour set apart for the treatment, to find a comfortable chair, in order that the senses may not be distracted, and then to concentrate his attention on the desired formula.

The Montessori method of developing the sense of hearing is just such a method. The usual silence is attained. The children are told to close their eyes. The silence becomes complete. The children immobile. The children become "fascinated". Then the sounds to be listened for are suggested. The ticking of the clock, the buzzing of a fly, the whisper of the leaves in the garden. In the end the children become "ecstatic," in other words completely under mental control. We have a suspicion that this is exactly how Saul was convinced of the presence of Samuel.

The chapters on the "Education of the Senses," in which these phenomena are described, constitute a tolerably comprehensive essay on mental suggestion. The very name is indicative of this, and the results which are persistently summed up in the words "fascinated" and "ecstatic" are quite unmistakable. The sense education of children, which produces fascination, ecstasy, and uncontrolled emotion, is what has usually been called "hypnotism" or "hypnotic suggestion."

We hate to think—we will not believe—that these things represent the better sentiments of the "New South." The South of that broad-minded, eloquent son of Georgia, Henry Grady; and yet it is but too true that this whole Leo Frank episode, from the frame trial to the midnight mob lynching, has been a dismal orgy of something like barbarism. And also true it is that the South yet tolerates cruel

We think the objection to this feature of Madame Montessori's system, well taken, and that our educators experimenting with the system should be on their guard, to avoid the dangers that lurk in carrying the useful principle of suggestion to the extreme of producing hypnotic results. But the good points in this latest method of teaching, with its scientific pedagogy as applied to child education in the so called "Casa Dei Bambini," or "Child's House," may doubtless be usefully appropriated by our American teachers and the evil discarded.

The Montessori method is very new here, her work not having been translated into English in this country until 1912. Nor in truth is it original, the same principles having been used for years by Dr. Walter S. Fernald, Superintendent of the Massachusetts Institute For the Feeble Minded, at Waverley, Mass. Moreover, Dr. Fernald long ago contended that those same principles might be profitably used in the education of normal children.

Dr. Montessori, indeed, does not claim to be the discoverer of the ideas and methods upon which her system is based, but that she was the first to formulate them into a definite system and reduce them to practice. The resemblance of the Montessori methods to those of Frau Froebel and Pestalozzi, upon which our wonderful Kindergarten schools are founded, is very marked.

Prof. Henry W. Holmes, of Harvard, recommends that the Montessori system be given a fair and careful trial under the very different conditions existing in this country. He thinks it contains elements of great value, some of which might usefully be grafted upon the present kindergarten practice of our American schools.

We feel very sure that Dr. Montessori in her life-long, sympathetic, study of Childhood, and in her practical contact as an intelligent observer with its varied experiences and manifestations, has hit upon many improvements upon the old and too often, artificial and arbitrary methods of teaching the young formerly practiced in our system. That the Montessori system is in many respects of high value in teaching very young children, there can be no doubt, and every mother might profitably read her book, (using good judgment to follow only suggestions and practices of a sensible character) for hints how to teach and train her own little ones.

A SHAMEFUL RECORD

QUITE in keeping with the travesty upon justice that marked the mob-murdered trial of the Jew Leo Frank, was the mob assault upon the jail and the brutal lynching of this innocent victim of religious and racial hatred. It is a poor illustration of the chivalry upon which the South so much prides itself!

And what shall we say of the sentiment that prompted his jailors, in their cruel persecution of him, to place a violent criminal in his cell, and no doubt to supply the knife that cut his throat as he slept!

Read this shameful tale of how this mob of Dixie citizens maltreated their weak and wounded victim still suffering from the murderous assault by his insane cell-mate:

"Some gripped his long black hair and wrenched his head; others clenched at his throat, ripping open the long scar inflicted by Green; others batted at his face and body with their fists and feet.

Captain Burke left on the stairs, says Frank's face was pale as he was dragged down to the automobile, and his lips were moving, but that he made no outcry, even though he must have been in great pain from the gaping wound on his neck and the cuffing he had received.

Frank was dragged to the foremost of the string of automobiles, picked up and thrust roughly into the tonneau. Then one member of the gang brandished a rope in front of Frank's eyes, saying some thing which was not overheard by the prison officials."

And then these Georgia thugs, not content with murdering Frank in this cowardly way, were as eager as a pack of blanketed savages to violate his already mangled body, and only the persuasions of one of their judges kept them from "shooting the Jew's body full of holes."

"News of the discovery of the body spread quickly and a great crowd had gathered before the arrival of Coroner Booth. The latter's announcement that it would be cut down immediately aroused some objection. There were cries of 'Don't move the Jew's body until we shoot it full of holes,' but an appeal by former Superior Judge N. A. Morris, of Cobb county, quieted the crowd.

We hate to think—we will not believe—that these things represent the better sentiments of the "New South." The South of that broad-minded, eloquent son of Georgia, Henry Grady; and yet it is but too true that this whole Leo Frank episode, from the frame trial to the midnight mob lynching, has been a dismal orgy of something like barbarism. And also true it is that the South yet tolerates cruel

child labor, and contract convict camps that are veritable slaughter pens.

We rather choose to think it only represents the lower part of a nobler South—the same baser elements that in 1861 madly sought to pull down upon their own heads and ours the great temple of our Union. Themselves are glad that they did not succeed, and let us hope that later, on sober second thought, the best citizens of Georgia will be heartily ashamed of this ill piece of work.

BUSINESS WASTE

Actual incidents which occur in the daily experience of newspaper advertising reveal the fact that there exist "sensible business men" who are still unaware that advertising, like every other department of modern business, is being reduced to an exact science, and that waste in publicity outlays is just as capable of definite detection and correction as would be waste in maintenance, in manufacture or in selling. The alert business man knows, or he ought to know, exactly what he receives for his outlay in advertising, but many advertisers have yet to learn what they do NOT receive and what they have no right to expect. This is especially the case in newspaper publicity, for the time has passed when the merchant, the manufacturer or the financier who has wares to sell—whether they be gasoline, shoes, furniture, automobiles, soap or negotiable securities—can afford to be different as to how he makes his outlay in this direction. It is just as wasteful and foolish to advertise in a medium which only reaches people who have no money to spend, as it would be to record price schedules on the sands of the seashore, to describe the beauties of the fine arts to dwellers in the slums or to bring to the attention of the dwellers in Rit, enhouse square the delectable qualities of "soap-fat".

Unfortunately, traditions die hard, and some of those which still cling to newspaper advertising involve evils even more serious than waste. The advertiser who thinks that he is doing "a favor" to the newspaper when he places with it a share of his advertising, and that by that "favor" is entitled to something more than the space for which he contracts, betrays himself as a back number in the business world. If the publicity supplied by a newspaper is not worth to the business man all he pays for it, his outlay is an utter waste, and no honorable newspaper will accept his business on such terms, or the "favor" that is here implied, involves the attempt to control editorial opinion and policy. Moreover, the public is already aware of the utter worthlessness of newspaper opinion that can be purchased or influenced in that way, and the advertiser who seeks it merely betrays his own incompetence or insincerity.

Another tradition that cling to newspaper advertising is still more deplorable, and that is the notion that it is legitimate to use public advertising, delinquent tax lists, sheriff's sales, calls for proposals and the like as rewards for political service or support. It is not only a waste, but a deliberate misapplication of public funds to pay for advertising in a medium that is without circulation or is willing to make of itself a vehicle for graft.

Both forms of waste in advertising are sometimes used to vent the personal resentment of the advertiser. A merchant or a financier who is short-sighted as to withhold for any such petty reasons his advertising from a journal, which by circulation and influence is best suited for his purpose is merely cutting off his own nose to spite his face. Instead of punishing the newspaper, he is injuring himself, for he is wasting his money and thus committing an economic crime. When business men universally come to learn that the self-respecting newspaper guides its policy by the standards of justice and square dealing and that its opinions on public questions cannot be bought or influenced by advertising patronage, the commercial world will have rid itself of one serious source of waste; and when public administrators are taught that dishonesty in the expenditure of public money for advertising is just as venal as the acceptance of bribes or connivance in contract frauds, the public service will to that extent be purified.—Ex.

U. S. SPENT \$64,000,000

With no extraordinary expenditures, and largely as a result of fatuous legislation, the administration so conducted the Government itself that it spent \$64,000,000 more than its income. The war reduced somewhat the volume of imports into the United States but the new Wilson Tariff law also reduced so enormously the amount of duties collected upon them that a serious deficit was inevitable. The deficiency was so large that it more than ate up the sums put into the Treasury by the income tax and the recent stamp taxes.

Legislative folly could scarcely go further than this. It robbed our own manufacturers of Protection and deprived the United States Treasury of its needed revenues while failing to provide a rational and sufficient substitute for them. What is even worse, the Government has been grossly extravagant and wasteful. It is spending more money than the United States ever spent before, and it is doing it at the very time revenues are falling and while the whole country is forced by circumstances to economize in every way possible. While doing its utmost to enact drastic laws for regulation of all business, the administration has failed to conduct its own affairs in a business-like manner. Similar tactics of extravagance applied to a corporation would send it into inevitable bankruptcy.

Fortunately the United States is big and rich and its people can suffer without ruin the heavier taxation required to wipe out the Treasury deficit which has been created by a system of foolish legislation coupled with irresponsible extravagance.—Public Ledger.

\$1.50 Ocean City, Md. EXCURSION

Thursday, August 26

SPECIAL THROUGH TRAIN

Leaves Middletown..... 7.36 A. M.

RETURNING

Leaves Ocean City..... 4.30 A. M.

Tickets good only on Special Train in Each Direction

Last of the Season

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

SUCCESS INSURANCE

A Business Education is a gift-edged policy against failure for ambitious young men and young women. It insures position, promotion and independence.

Golden College

courses in Commercial, Shorthand and Secretarial training have aided thousands to succeed. They will qualify YOU for high-grade employment. We assist graduates to positions. Our catalog gives full information; ask for YOUR copy now.

GOLDEY COLLEGE Wilmington, Del.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

—OF—

Blackbird Hundred!

The taxable residents of Blackbird Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified that the Taxes for the year 1915 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred, will be at

S. A. DAVID'S RESIDENCE, FOREST, DEL. WEDNESDAY, AUG. 25th, 1915 From 1 to 3 P. M.

AT BLACKBIRD, SATURDAY, AUG. 28th, 1915 From 1 to 3 P. M.

FLEMING'S LANDING, Monday, AUG. 30th, 1915 From 1 to 3 P. M.

Tax bills can be obtained by making personal application to the Collector, or by sending written communication enclosing stamps.

EXTRACT FROM THE LAWS OF DELAWARE, GOVERNING THE COLLECTION OF TAXES OF NEW CASTLE COUNTY:

Section 3.—That on all taxes paid before the first day of October there shall be an abatement of five per centum. On all taxes paid before the first day of December there shall be an abatement of three per centum. On all taxes paid during the month of December there shall be no abatement whatever. And on all taxes unpaid on the first day of January there shall be added one per centum per month until the same shall be paid.

GEORGE E. RHODES, Collector of Taxes for Blackbird Hundred

HARRY S. WOODKEEPER, Collector of Taxes for Blackbird Hundred

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

—OF—

St. Georges Hundred

The taxable residents of St. Georges Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified that the Taxes for the year 1915 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred, will be at

AT R. S. CARPENTER'S STORE, IN PORT PENN. SATURDAY, AUG. 28, 1915 From 9 to 11 A. M.

A. G. COY'S OFFICE, MIDDLETOWN SATURDAY, AUG. 28, 1915 From 2 to 5 o'clock P. M.

AT ASPHIL'S SHOPS IN ODESSA EVERY MONDAY AND WEDNESDAY During A.UG., 1915, From 7 to 12 A. M.

EXTRACT FROM THE LAWS OF DELAWARE, GOVERNING THE COLLECTION OF TAXES OF NEW CASTLE COUNTY, SECTION 3, CHAPTER 30, VOLUME 21, LAWS OF DELAWARE, AS AMENDED:

Section 3.—That on all taxes paid before the first day of October there shall be an abatement of five per centum. On all taxes paid before the first day of December there shall be an abatement of three per centum. On all taxes paid during the month of December there shall be no abatement whatever. And on all taxes unpaid on the first day of January there shall be added one per centum per month until the same shall be paid.

GEORGE E. RHODES, Collector of Taxes for St. Georges Hundred

HARRY S. WOODKEEPER, Collector of Taxes for Blackbird Hundred



Home is where the telephone is

Just a little metal instrument—the Bell Telephone! Yet it binds with never-failing ties your home to your friends, both to others and all into one great fabric of home comfort and content.

Help when danger threatens, fleet runner when errands call—a blessing always.

Is your home a home complete?

The Diamond State Tel. Co.
E. P. Bardo,
District Manager,
Wilmington, Del.



For All Farm Buildings

the matter of roofing is first importance. It does not pay to skimp when you are building for permanence. We have a roofing that is permanently watertight—a roofing that will not crack, rust, warp or rot. This repair-proof roofing is

Pronounced "RU" as in RUBY

RU-BER-OID

ROOFING

COSTS MORE - WEARS LONGER

Every roll of **RU-BER-OID** that we have sold has given perfect satisfaction. We know that **RU-BER-OID** is made of better materials than any other roofing that we could buy. It contains no paper, wood fibre, tar, asphalt or other short-lived materials such as are found in cheaper roofings.

RU-BER-OID roofs put on more than 20 years ago are still watertight and look as good as new.

RU-BER-OID roofing always looks well. Its color is attractive gray—the same shade as more expensive slate. Colored **RU-BER-OID** (Koloroid) is made in permanent Red and Copper Green.

Come in and let us show you this roofing, which is so good that it is widely imitated. So called "Rubber roofings" are counterfeits. There is only one **RU-BER-OID**. The genuine has the "Ru-ber-old Man," shown above, on every roll.

Short & Walls Lumber Co.
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

The Transcript, \$1.00

THE GLOBE CLOTHING STORE'S

Big Clearance Sale

OF MEN'S SUITS AND FURNISHINGS



has met with phenomenal success because every article has a standard value and when we offer them at these unusual price reductions, men come from far and near to secure such high quality clothes at so little cost.

Every article is guaranteed

Every price a big reduction.

Mens \$18 Suits now \$12.00.
Mens \$15 Suits now \$10.00.
Mens \$12 Suits now \$7.00.
Palm Beach Suits now \$5.00

Boys \$8.00 Suits now \$5.00
Boys \$6.00 Suits now \$4.00
Boys \$5.00 Suits now \$3.25

You'll find the bargains even larger than you expect.

STRAW HATS OF BEST QUALITY AND STYLES \$1.

Men's \$4.00 Oxfords \$2.80
Men's \$3.50 Oxfords \$2.25
Men's \$3.00 Oxfords \$1.75

Ladies \$3.00 Pumps \$1.75
Ladies \$2.50 Pumps \$1.50
Ladies \$2.00 Pumps \$1.25

The Globe Clothing Store
S. M. ROSENBERG, Proprietor.
Middletown, Delaware.

Come early—buy liberally and save much money.

BASE BALL NEWS

WELL WON-WE'LL LOST

Those Tremonters trimmed on Saturday last to the tune of 6 to 3, is another proof of The Transcript's wise views that the home players can do the job and therefore deserve to be encouraged.

Evidently there are several ball players in these diggings, despite the official declaration that there wasn't "one in town".

They say this Tremont game was an errorless one upon the part of the Middletown players.

Here are the "bright particular stars" that shone then in the firmament.

Newman pitched his best, and that's something extra fine, and batted ditto! Jones played a great game at short field, also making a strong smash over the wire; and Donohue was death to everything aloft in his center bailwick, and Ellison made a fine 3 base hit.

But as before said all hands were tuned up to concert pitch, and the result, was to square that wallowing The Tremonters gave our boys earlier in the season.

On Tuesday last our home players faced the strongest team in the state—The Vandevsers especially strengthened for their scarping tour. They represent the pick of Wilmington's ball experts and some of them do little else every day in the week but practice or play regular games.

So outsiders that it a foregone conclusion that our boys would be slaughtered like sheep by these semi-professionals with their picked nine.

But the home-playing Middletown lads surprised the city guys, and but for a few needless errors would have won though losing after a brilliantly played game by 2 to 0.

At least 3 bad errors in base running cost as many runs—one by Ellison, a second by Vinyard and a third by Donohue—judicious coaching should have prevented all of these losses.

Finn's pitching and batting was superb, by common consent the pitching the finest yet seen here. Indeed, they tell some stories about his predictions just where the batter is going to hit, that seem little short of magic.

Savin also "savied" how to stop the whirlwind pills that Finn doped out and to toss them down to second like a streak of greased lightning. But it was a great game, and very creditably lost, in spite of some errors. Give our home talent a chance and you will have a first rate team someday all "made in Middletown".

Below are given the two scores:

SCORE BY INNINGS	
Tremont	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 2-3
Middletown	0 5 0 0 0 0 1 x-6
Middletown	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-0
Vandevsers	0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0-2

FOREST BOUNDARIES

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17, 1915.—The area of the Chugach National Forest, which is to be crossed by the railroad that the government is building from Seward to Fairbanks, is reduced nearly one-half by a proclamation, signed by President Wilson, returning approximately 5,802,000 acres to the public domain. This action follows classification of the land by the Forest Service showing that the areas involved are not of high enough timber value to warrant government protection, and means the largest elimination of National Forest land ever made by a single Presidential proclamation.

The boundaries of the Forest, as redrawn by the President's proclamation, now contain approximately 5,818,000 acres, supporting about 8 billion feet of merchantable timber. On the area thrown out of the Forest there is in the aggregate a large amount of timber, but it is so sparse and scattered as to be of little or no commercial value. The land remaining within the Forest, however, contains the largest and most accessible supply of timber for the development of the great mineral fields to the north of Bering River and is the region in which the Alaskan Engineering Commission has been authorized to cut 85 million feet of timber for use in constructing the government's new railroad. On account of the time required for cutting and seasoning construction timber, the Commission has had to purchase some lumber from Washington and Oregon, but as cutting has already commenced on the Chugach, it is expected that the Alaskan timber will soon be serving the needs of the railroad builders.

The lands eliminated by the proclamation are in three large tracts; one along the entire southern slope of the Chugach Mountains, the second lying northeast of Seward, between Resurrection Bay and Kings Bay and the third, northwest of Kenai Mountains in the region around Tustumena and Skilak lakes. In addition the towns of Hope, Sunrise, Kenai, and Niihcheh are eliminated. According to the Forest Service, the chance of locating homesteads in the excluded lands is extremely small, since they contain few agricultural areas, although in some localities there are said to be small patches suitable for farming.

Big Demand for Horses

Last year the unusually large hay crop caused the farmers to winter a large number of horses and mules than usual, but this year, the failure of the hay crop together with the prospect of paying exceptionally high prices for hay, induces them to sell. Also, the war in European makes a good demand. It is said that agents for the German army are now scouring the Peninsula buying up all the good stock available.

ODESSA DEFEATS SILVERBROOK

For the third time this season, Odessa beat Silverbrook of Wilmington, at Corbit Park Saturday afternoon, score 4 to 2. The visitors put up a classy game, having no errors chalked against them. McKay, the clever little third sacker was all over the field and played brilliantly. The locals were rather loose at times, but in the pinches put up a fast game. P. Wallace was the star in the field several times cutting off runners at the plate by his fast work. S. Wallace had his arm in fine shape and his pegging to second, got the Brooker's goat. Score:

ODESSA		R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
P. Wallace, 3b.	0	0	0	4	0	0
S. Wallace, c.	2	2	13	3	0	0
Weist, 2b.	0	0	4	2	1	0
Davis, cf.	1	2	0	0	0	0
Heller, 1b.	0	2	9	1	2	0
Peckard, lf.	1	1	0	0	0	0
Donovan, rf.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heldmyer, ss.	0	1	1	0	0	0
Carrow, p.	0	0	0	3	1	0
Total	4	8	27	13	4	

SILVERBROOK		R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Simpson, rf.	0	1	1	0	0	0
Sharpe, 2b.	0	0	4	2	0	0
Freeman, cf.	0	2	0	1	0	0
Smith, ss.	0	1	3	2	0	0
Greenfield, 1b.	0	0	7	1	0	0
Hansen, lf.	0	0	3	0	0	0
Crook, cf.	0	0	0	0	0	0
McKay, 3b.	0	1	1	3	0	0
Matthews, c.	0	1	4	1	0	0
Wise, p.	0	1	1	5	0	0
Totals	2	7	24	15	0	

SCORE BY INNINGS	
Silverbrook	0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0-2
Odessa A. C.	1 2 0 0 0 0 0 x-4
Earned runs, Odessa 3; Silverbrook 1.	
Struck out, by Carrow, 9; by Wise, 3.	
Double plays, S. Wallace to Heller. Hit by pitched ball, Simpson. Time of game 1.53. Umpire Ward.	

PORT PENN DEFEATS PARK

Displaying fine form, Dyer fanned fourteen men and allowed Port Penn to defeat for the second time this season, Park A. A. of Claymont, score 2 to 1. Flynn, the opposing pitcher struck out only two men, but he was well supported.

The locals secured their two tallies in the seventh inning. B. Yearley got a hit and went to first; Hayes banged out a double, scoring the former. Then G. Yearley sacrificed and brought Hayes home who had stolen third. On next Saturday, Port Penn plays the Delaware Hard Fibre.

The score follows:

PARK A. A.		R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Baird, cf.	0	1	0	0	0	0
Linchum, lf.	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Flynn, c.	0	0	0	1	0	0
J. Flynn, p.	0	0	0	6	1	0
McClum, ss.	0	0	3	1	0	0
Hartzell, 1b.	0	0	15	0	0	0
Benson, 3b.	0	1	1	1	1	0
Walsh, 2b.	0	1	2	3	0	0
Kane, rf.	0	0	1	0	0	0
Total	2	2	24	12	2	

PORT PENN		R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
H. Yearley, 1b.	0	0	7	0	0	0
Rickman, cf.	0	1	0	0	0	0
Johnson, c.	0	0	13	1	0	0
B. Yearley, 3b.	1	1	0	0	0	0
Hayes, rf.	1	1	1	0	0	0
G. Yearley, 2b.	0	0	5	2	1	0
Dyer, p.	0	0	0	6	0	0
Bender, lf.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kumpel, lf.	0	0	1	0	0	0
Total	2	3	27	11	1	

SCORE BY INNINGS	
Port Penn	0 1 0 0 0 1 0 x-2
Park A. A.	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-1

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS

APPOQUINIMINK HUNDRED

The taxable residents of Appoquinimink Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified that the Taxes for the year 1915 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred, will be

AT THE OFFICE OF GEORGE M. D. HART, IN TOWNSEND, DEL., EVERY SATURDAY, DURING AUG., 1915, From 2 to 5 o'clock, P. M.

Tax bills can be obtained by making personal application to the Collector, or by sending written communication enclosing stamps.

EXTRACT FROM THE LAWS OF DELAWARE, GOVERNING THE COLLECTION OF TAXES OF NEW CASTLE COUNTY, SECTION 3, CHAPTER 30, VOLUME 21, LAWS OF DELAWARE, AS AMENDED:

Section 3.—That on all taxes paid before the first day of October there shall be an abatement of five per centum. On all taxes paid before the first day of December there shall be an abatement of three per centum. On all taxes paid during the month of December there shall be no abatement whatever. And on all taxes unpaid on the first day of January there shall be added one per centum per month until the same shall be paid.

W. S. MONEY, Collector of Taxes for Appoquinimink Hundred

Shoe Repairing

I have purchased a new electric machine for finishing my work, which enables me to turn out all work in the shortest possible time, and the finish is far superior to hand-finished work.

L. FROMKIN

Kates' old stand, East Main St. MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

GREATER THAN EVER

DELAWARE STATE FAIR

WILMINGTON, DELAWARE

DAY and NIGHT

September 6, 7, 8, 9, 10

RACING DAILY

\$7,000—IN PURSES—\$7,000

\$1,000 PURSE RACE EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY

\$12,000—in Premiums—\$12,000

10 Big Free Vaudeville Acts 10 Day and Night

Mighty Midway

Organized Carnival Company of 20 Shows

The Horse Show

THE DOG SHOW

Grand Nightly Display of Fireworks

EXCURSION RATES ON ALL RAILS CONSULT AGENT FOR TIME CARDS

FREE CHILDREN'S DAY-TUESDAY

Something Doing

Day and Night

Worth Coming Miles to See

THAT AFTER THEATRE SUPPER



is one of the most pleasant features of an evening's enjoyment, particularly if the restaurant selected is one where the service and food is first-class in every respect. We cater especially to after theatre parties, and our quick service and excellent food is appreciated by our patrons. Come in to-night after the show, and get the best supper you have had for many a moon.

The White Cafe

JOS. C. JOLLS, Prop. MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE

Notice!

Examination of Non-Resident Pupils for Admission to High School

All pupils who desire to enter a Seventh or higher grade of a State Approved High School System for THE FIRST T.E.M.E. must pass an examination prescribed by the State Board of Education. The examination will be conducted in the High Schools of the places named, on Friday, August 20, from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m., in Arithmetic, Grammar, U. S. History, Physiology and Hygiene, Political Geography, Spelling and Reading. Pupils must furnish pencils. To enter the examination, pupils must have completed a sixth or higher grade. Pupils who have already attended an Approved High School System in a Seventh or Higher grade, NEED NOT BE EXAMINED. In New Castle County the examinations will be conducted in these places: Newark, Middletown, A. I. duPont, Wilmington.

Certificates of Admission to an Approved High School will be issued to all persons who pass with an average of 80 per cent or higher. This certificate must be presented for entrance to High School, of attendance will not be credited by the State Board of Education. CHARLES A. WAGNER, Commissioner of Education.

NOTICE!

1. GEORGE C. DEVALINGER, tenant and occupant of the house known as the National Hotel, situated at 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000.

W. S. MONEY, Collector of Taxes for Appoquinimink Hundred

Shoe Repairing

I have purchased a new electric machine for finishing my work, which enables me to turn out all work in the shortest possible time, and the finish is far superior to hand-finished work.

L. FROMKIN

Kates' old stand, East Main St. MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

Public Sale

Personal Property!

TUESDAY, AUG. 31ST, '15

At 9 o'clock, A. M.,

Intending to move to Coatesville, Pa. will positively sell the following described personal property.

26 HEAD OF Horses, Colts, & Mules

No. 1. FRIDAY, black mare 5 years old, large good all around mare.

No. 2. BERTHA, sorrel mare, 5 years old, large good all around mare and safe.

No. 3. ROSE, bay mare, 5 years old, no better by Herd's percheron.

No. 4. H. V. young brown horse, 3 years old, good size no better, by D'Alcantara, dam by Sanborn.

No. 5. NELLIE, large bay mare, 7 years old, good all around mare.

No. 6. MAY GARRETT, 8 years old good all around mare, fine brood mare.

No. 7. TORRETT, bay mare 3 years old, by Torino, dam Garrett, a beauty broken to all harness.

No. 8. LIZZIE, 3 years old, by Twing's Torino a nice little around mare.

No. 9. PATSY, brown mare by Sanborn, 9 years old, no better to be found.

No. 10. TRILBY, black colt, 2 years old, heavy by Conner's Percheron.

No. 11. BOHRETT, bay mare colt, 1 year old, beauty, by Bohemia Boy, dam Garrett.

No. 12. SANDUSKY, bay mare colt No. 13. DUSKY DICK, grey colt, 1 year old.

No. 14. DOT, bay mare colt, 2 years old, a nice one.

No. 15. TIT TAT, bay mare colt, 2 years old.

No. 16. MOODY, brown horse colt, 2 years old, heavy by Conner's Percheron.

Nos. 17 & 18. Two weanling colts, 4 yearling mare mules, beauties and quiet two greys and two blacks. 4 weanling mule colts, two browns and two bays.

HOGS—Brood sows, shoats and pigs.

46 HEAD OF Cattle

Including cows, heifers and bulls.

No. 1. DEKOL NETHERLAND KING 106068 H. F. H. B. a beauty nearly white.

No. 2. SAN JOSE DEKOL NETHERLAND 68501, H. F. H. B. nicely marked.

No. 3. LADY QUEEN WILHELMINA, 196699 H. F. H. B. nearly white.

The remainder of this herd are thoroughbred stock their equal hard find. Anyone wishing nice cows should attend this sale.

Farming Implements, Etc.

One Deering binder, nearly new; 2 drills 1 Lupton disc, 1 Farmers Favorite, nearly

SEEING LIFE with JOHN HENRY & George V. Hobart



John Henry on Human Nature

SAY! Did you ever sit around in the Pullman Car and study a few paragraphs from the world's most famous text book—human nature?

Go after it the first chance you get—you'll learn a lot.

For instance, during a trip recently on one of Mr. Pullman's sleep-wagons I soon learned that the brisk and breezy crew in the seats around me were commercial travelers, and they were fanning each other with fairy tales about the goods they sold.

I learned that the one who looked like a human apple was affectionately known as Slim because he's so fat that every time he turns around he meets himself coming back.

And it wasn't hard to learn that the tall one with the sandy hair was Nick Dalrymple, who goes after the orders for a hardware house in Columbus and knows everybody in the world—bar one family living in Yonkers.

Then there was Tod Gilpin, who cuts ice for a match factory in Newark, and he's the life of a small party. Tod's main hold is to creep into the "reading room" of a Rube hotel after the chores are done of an evening and throw salt at the come-ons. Tod tells them that their town is the brightest spot on the map, and they warm up to him and want to buy him sarsaparilla and root beer. Then when he gets them stuck on themselves he sells them matches.

Presently I learned that the party with the mauve forehead and the magenta mustache was Mutt Dawson—the most reckless spendthrift with his words and the meanest man to the English language I ever listened to.

The Dream Builders' Association was in full session when Wedge Murray caromed over and weighed-in with the party.

Wedge is a saucy little party, five foot four, with three foot shoulders. He thinks he strikes twelve on all occasions, but his timepiece is an hour slow.

I learned that Wedge sells canned shirt waists for the Shine Brothers, and if he's ever let into the firm it will be as a brother.

Wedge is one of those goose-headed ginks who scratch gravel and start in to make a killing every time they see a pretty girl.

Across the aisle sat two pet ca-

telegram to your wife in Logansport."

Certain. Of course the fact that Wedge didn't have a wife in Logansport or elsewhere made no difference. He couldn't prove an alibi, so he faded out into the day coach and became as one who isn't.

The Roast-Beef Sisters seemed to be all carved up about something or other.

While these more or less grin-producing incidents were occurring there was ever present in my own noodle the grim reality that bedtime was approaching and I had drawn an upper berth.

Say! I'll be one of a party of six to go before Congress and tell all I know about an upper berth.

The upper berth in a sleeping car is the same relation to comfort that a carpet tack is to a bare foot.

As a place to tie up a small bundle of sleep a boiler factory has it beat to a whimper.

Strong men weep every time the ticket agent says, "Nothing left but an upper," and lovely women have hysterics and begin to make faces at the general public when the colored porter points up in the air and says, "Madam, your eagle's nest is ready far up the mountainside."

While the porter was cooking up my attack of insomnia I went out in the smoking room to drown my sorrow, but I found such a bunch of sorrow killers out there ahead of me that I had to hold the comb and brush in my lap and sit up on the towel rack while I took a little smoke.

Did you ever notice on your travels that peculiar hog on the train who pays two dollars for a berth and always displaces eight dollars' worth of space in the smoking car?

If he would bite the end of a piece of rope and light up occasionally he wouldn't be so bad, but nix on the smoke for him.

He simply sits there with a face like a fish and keeps George Nicotine and all the real rag burners from enjoying a smoke.

If ever a statue is needed of the patriot Butinski I would suggest a model in the person of the smokeless smoker who always travels in the smoking car.

Two busy gazabes were discussing politics when I squeezed into the smoker on this particular occasion.



"The Moment I Put My Weight on It My Stepping-Stone Gave Way."

maries from Plainfield, New Jersey. They were members of the Soubrette Singing Society, and they were en route to the West to join the "Bunch of Birds Burlesque Company."

Their names were Millie and Tillie, and they wore Feather Duster hats, and did a sister act that contained more bad grammar than an East Side ginocchio game.

Millie was fully aware that she could back Duse off the map, and Tillie was ready to bet a week's salary that she could make Bernhardt feel like she was out in the storm when he had before yesterday.

Tod called them the Roast-Beef Sisters, Rare and Well-done.

In a minute the castors on Wedge's neck began to turn.

Nick put the others wise with a wink, so they lit the fire and began to cook it up.

Wedge's heart was warming for the birds in the gilded cage.

"Nothing into it!" said Slim. "It's a plain case of Appomattox. The war is over and they are yours, Wedge!"

Wedge turned a few more volts into his twinkling lamps.

"Lower your mainsail, Wedge, and drop alongside; you've made the landing," suggested Nick.

Wedge began to feel his necktie and play patty-cake with the little bald spot on the top of his head.

"Stop the hansom and get out; you're at your corner," said Tod.

The Sweet Dreams across the way were giving Wedge the glorious eyeroll, and he felt that dinner was ready.

"Hang up your hat, Wedge, and gather the myrtle with Mary!" Slim chipped in.

Then Wedge bounced over and began to show Millie and Tillie what a handsome brute he was at close quarters.

He sat on the arm of the seat and steamed up.

In less than a minute he crowded the information in them that he was a millionaire who had escaped from Los Angeles, California, and he was just going to put them both in grand opera, when Slim toddled over to him and said: "Next stop Erie! You told me to remind you to send that

and I judge they both had lower berths; otherwise their minds would have been busy with dark and personal fears of the future.

"Well," exclaimed the gabby one from Kansas City, "what is politics? Well, what is it?"

"Politics," replied Wise Willie from Providence, "politics is where we get it—sometimes in the bank, sometimes in the neck!"

Everybody present peeled the cover off a loud laugh and the smokeless hog at the window stole four inches extra space so that he could shake more when he giggled.

"Well," resumed the inquisitive person from Kansas City, "what is a politician? Do you know? Eh, well, what is a politician?"

"A politician," replied the fat man from Providence, "a politician is the reason we have so much politics."

Much applause left the hands of those present, and the smokeless hog turned sideways so that he could make the others more uncomfortable.

"Perhaps," insinuated gabby Jim from Kansas City, "perhaps you know what a statesman is, eh?"

"A statesman is a politician in good luck," was the comeback from our fat friend from Providence, and in the enthusiasm which followed the smokeless hog found out there was no buffet car on the train, so he offered to buy the drinks.

"Don't you believe that all men are born equal?" inquired the Kansas Cityite.

"Yes, but some of them have pull enough to get over it," responded the Providence philosopher; whereupon the smokeless hog by the window took out a flask and began to dampen his conscience.

Just then the towel rack fell with a crash, and after I picked up the comb and brush and myself I decided to retire to my bracket on the wall and try to sleep.

When I left the smoker the smokeless hog was occupying two and a half seats and was now busy breathing in some second-hand cigarette smoke which nobody seemed to care for.

"How do I reach my Alpine bungalow?" I said to the porter, whereupon

he laughed toothfully and hit me on the shin with a stepladder.

The spectacular gent who occupied the star chamber beneath my garret was sleeping as noisily as possible, and when I started up the stepladder he began to render Mendelssohn's obbligate for the trombone in the key of G.

Above the roar of the train from away off in lower No. 2 faintly I could hear an answering bugle call.

I climbed up prepared for the worst and in the twinkling of an eye the porter removed the stepladder and there I was, sitting on the perilous edge of my pantry shelf with nothing to comfort me save the exhaust of a professional snorer.

After about five minutes devoted to a parade of all my sins, I began to try to extract my personality from my coat, but when I pushed my arm up in the air to get the sleeve loose my knuckle struck the hardwood finish and I fell backward on the cast-iron pillows, breathing hoarsely like a busy jackrabbit.

I waited about ten minutes while my brain was bobbing back and forth with the excitement of running fifty miles an hour over a careless part of the country, and then I cautiously tried to approach my shoe laces.

Say! If you're a man and you weigh in the neighborhood of 200 pounds, most of which is in the re-

gion of the equator, you will appreciate what it means to lie on your back in an upper berth and try to get your shoes off.

And this goes double for the man who weighs more than 200 pounds.

Every time I reached for my feet to get my shoes off I bumped my head; so I decided that in order to keep my head on I had better keep my shoes on also.

Then I tried to divorce my suspenders from my shoulders but just as I got the suspenders half way over my head I struck my crazy bone on the rafters, and there I was, suspended between heaven and earth, but praying with all my heart for a bottle of arnica.

Finally I decided to sleep as nature made me, with all my clothes on, including my rubbers.

So I stretched out, but just then the train struck a curve and I went up in the air till the ceiling hit me, and then I bounced over to the edge of the precipice and hung there, trembling on the verge.

Below me all was dark and gloomy, and only by the hoarse groans of the snorers could I tell that the Pullman company was still making money.

Luck was with me, however, for just then the train struck an in-shoot curve which pushed me to the wall, and I bumped my head so completely that I fell asleep.

When I woke up a small package of daylight was peeping into the car, so I decided to descend from my cupboard shelf at once.

I peeped out through the aluminum curtains, but there was no sign of the colored porter and the stepladder was invisible to the naked eye.

The car was peaceful now, with the exception of a gent in lower No. 4, who had a strange hold on a Beethoven sonata and was beating the cadence out of it.

I made a short prayer and concluded to fall out, but just then one of my feet rested on something solid; so I put both feet on it and began to step down.

Alas, however, the moment I put my weight on it my stepping stone gave way and I fell overboard with a splash.

"How dare you put your feet on my head?" yelled the man on the ground noor of my bedroom.

"Excuse me, it felt like something wooden," I whispered, while I dashed madly for the smoker.

From that day to this I have never been able to look a Pullman car in the face, and whenever anybody mentions an upper berth to me I lose my presence of mind and get peevish.

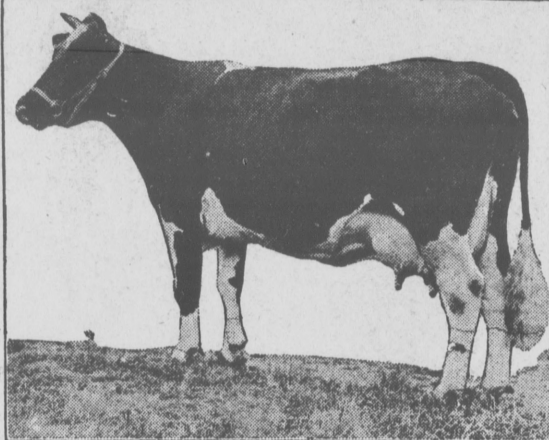
If you have ever been there yourself I know you don't blame me! Do you?

Dynamiting Moles. It has recently been discovered that dynamite can be used as an effective and convenient means of getting rid of moles, ground mice and other small destructive animals which burrow into the ground and destroy the roots of plants.

An inch or two of a 40 per cent dynamite stick can be wrapped in paper or cloth and provided with a fuse but no detonator. A charge of this kind should be stuck down into each burrow and some loose dirt packed around the fuse after it is lighted. No explosion will result from the dynamite when used in this way. It will burn slowly, filling the hole with poisonous gases which will kill the animals. This method has recently been put into effect upon a large California ranch. The moles, which frequently ruin the appearance of a city terrace, can also be conquered by this method at the trifling cost of two cents for each hole.

Caddy Is Doomed. The doom of the caddy is read in the invention of D. and K. Roberts of Grantham, England. They have patented an adjustable golf stick, with interchangeable heads, so that it will be necessary for the player to carry only the stick and as many heads as he wishes to use. Even the number of heads is cut down by having two striking faces on each, either of which may be used.

NUMEROUS DIFFICULTIES FOR DAIRYMAN



Champion Holstein Cow.

The breeding of dairy cattle is a matter surrounded with numerous difficulties, rendered all the more uncertain and tantalizing from the artificial conditions in which the cattle are reared.

Some of our highest producing dairy cows have been developed along milk-producing lines until they are in reality an unnatural deformity.

Every well-bred cow that is kept on the farm by the very law of its being is ready and able to assist in giving additional value to all crops grown on the farm if we only surround her with the right conditions.

Buying cows and selling them as fast as they stop giving milk will never build up a herd of high-producing dairy cows.

The calf from the moment of its birth should be kept in a thrifty growing condition. Letting an animal run down is a great and permanent loss. It is something lost forever, that no amount of after care or feeding can regain.

When the calves are playful it is an indication of thrift and health. It is essential that we attend to the comfort and bodily ease of our cows.

It would be well if some of us would ask ourselves how certain lines of treatment would suit us. All animals, man included, have much in common.

A single trial with a purebred dairy bull will convince any man that like will produce like, and that the progeny will inherit the form and characteristics from the parent that possesses the strongest blood lines.

A purebred bull will exert a strong influence upon the progeny when mated with the cows of mixed breeding, and when he is mixed with purebreds or higher grades.

It is a great mistake to put the large breeds of cattle on poor, scant pasture. Give them a good field to graze in.

There is no middle course or standstill period to calf raising. Each day the calf is not gaining it is losing. At the end of two years of proper care and feeding we shall be rewarded with an animal of healthy appearance, with a well developed frame, and an abundance of flesh and fat.

One that is capable of withstanding the burdens of maternity, and capable of producing large quantities of milk when put to the test of the dairy.

PREPARE LAND FOR STAND OF ALFALFA

Best Method of Inoculating Is to Use Soil From Old Field—Keep Weeds Out.

Alfalfa is a hard crop to start. It is delicate and tender, and to put alfalfa on ordinary land without any protection or help is about like throwing away four dollars an acre.

Put on 20 to 30 loads of manure per acre; you are preparing the land for ten years.

But the land must first be worked over and over until it is free from weeds. It may take a diking or harrowing every ten days all summer to do this.

If the soil is acid, as shown by the simple litmus-paper test, put on the ground limestone. Inoculate the ground and sow the alfalfa the last of July or the first of August.

The best method of inoculating the soil is to use soil from an old alfalfa field or from a patch of sweet clover, a wagon load or more per acre, but this soil must not lie on top of the ground in the hot sun many hours or the bacteria will be killed.

There is little danger from sweet clover, which is a two-year plant, and will not survive in the field when the alfalfa is mowed as often as it needs mowing.

GREAT AMOUNT OF WORK AROUND FARM

Of Much Importance to Have Fresh Water for Stock—Turn Horses Into Pasture.

(By E. VAN BENTHUSEN.) Good water for the stock is more important during the long hot days of summer than any other season.

Now is the time when the forage crops—did you sow any last spring?—come in to keep up the milk flow.

A pig kept in dirty, dry pens these days cannot thrive.

It is cruel and poor judgment to keep horses shut up in a stable during the hot nights.

When the horses come in from the fields in the evening their heads and legs should be washed and rubbed dry, and after drying feed in the open air and turn out to pasture.

These are hard days for the dairyman, as the milk flow decreases while the flies increase. Use the forage crops, screen the stable windows and spray the cows with fly-repellent.

Prevent Forage Poisoning. Frequently horses die of forage poisoning caused by molds in the straw or corn. At once change to good hay, sound oats and wheat bran, then there will be no more losses. Keep the horses out of pastures. At the outset of an attack a full dose of physic should be given; but prevention is all-important, and no specific remedy has been found.

Right Number of Nests. One open nest for each four hens is about the right number. Nests are best made of light material and partly of wire and constructed in pairs so they may be easily removed and cleaned.

Keep Poultry Quarters Clean. Keep the poultry quarters clean, by all means, at this season, and give the interiors occasional coatings of white wash to which a little crude carbolic acid, cresol or any of the stock dips is added.

REFINED PROCESS OF FRUIT GROWING

Where Market Demands Fancy Article Bagging Grapes Will Prove Profitable.

(By E. VAN BENTHUSEN.) Bagging grapes is one of the more refined processes of fruit growing that every man should test for himself. There are various conditions to be considered upon which its profitability depends.

Does your market demand a fancy article and is it willing to pay for it? Do you suffer much loss from the birds? In some districts they are very destructive and scarecrows are not of much avail. Rot, too, is to be considered, though some growers assert that bags are not a preventive of this disease.

If grapes are bagged at the proper time, which is soon after blooming, they certainly will not rot unless the canes are already full of rot spores, and after the vineyard has been thoroughly cleared of the infection it should not be again easily affected if the fruit is kept covered.

Bagging does not appear to be resorted to throughout the West, but in the East with its higher-priced markets, some growers find it profitable to bag their entire crop. The common paper bag in use at the grocery is usually employed, in the two-pound size.

A thousand bags should not cost more than 75 cents. The usual way is to fasten them with a common pin. Do not pin them around the stem of the bunch, but over the cane from which cluster descends. The edges of the bag should be folded down and them pinned securely so as to exclude the rain as well as the insects.

If this be done carefully, only an insignificant number of bags will be lost during the rest of the season. Women, with their trained fingers, are the best for this work, when they can be obtained. A skillful hand will pin on a thousand bags a day.

Another great advantage in bagging is that it is one of the best ways to preserve the grape in its ripe condition. Many varieties will remain fresh and sound until frost, and even then be cut off, laid away in a cool place and kept still longer. They have been kept until Christmas.

The red varieties seem to be the thinnest skinned and most liable to crack and to puncture. The white kinds are of all the least molested by birds, which seem to think they are not ripe. The blacks are the first to be attacked.

Spray Mixture for Potatoes. Lime-sulphur is not a good spray mixture for potatoes. This is the decision of the New York experiment station after a series of tests. Where lime-sulphur was compared with bordeaux mixture as a remedy for potato blight it was found the lime-sulphur decreased the yield about 25 bushels per acre, while the bordeaux increased the yield 20 bushels per acre.

Most Obnoxious Weed. Wild barley, or so-called fox-tail, is a most obnoxious weed that should be shown no mercy. It is even creeping on to raw prairie and into old stands of alfalfa and tame grasses. The neglected roadsides and fence corners are very prolific sources of infestation. Clean them out.

Stakes Last Long. Stakes driven into firm ground 12 to 14 inches will last longer than if put down two feet, and hold barbed wire just as well.

THE KITCHEN CABINET

For my own part, I have ever gained the most profit, and the most pleasure also, from the books which have made me think the most; and, when the difficulties have once been overcome, these are the books which have struck deepest root, not only in my memory and understanding, but likewise in my affections.

GOOD DISHES WORTH TRYING.

When it is hard to think of anything to have for luncheon or supper, try

Salmon Cakes.—Take a can of salmon and mix with one beaten egg, add a cupful of bread crumbs and a tablespoonful of softened butter. Season with salt and pepper, form into small cakes and fry in hot fat. Serve garnished with slivers of sour pickle.

Tipperary Salad.—Mix two tablespoonfuls of finely chopped parsley with one and a half cupful of well-seasoned mashed potato that has been left from dinner, add a teaspoonful of onion juice and a half tablespoonful of vinegar. Chill thoroughly, shape in small balls and serve on lettuce leaves with French dressing.

Peach Pudding.—Line a deep bowl with thin strips of sponge cake or with ladyfingers. Pour into the bowl a thin cornstarch pudding, flavored with almond. When the cornstarch has settled lay on top halves of canned peaches. Fill the bowl with more cornstarch pudding, garnish the top with sliced peaches and sprinkle with coconut.

Salad Dressing for Fruit.—Beat well the yolks of two eggs, add one-half cupful of maple sirup and the juice of a lemon, with a dash of salt. Cook over hot water until smooth and thick, beating with an egg whisk or Dover beater constantly.

Hamburger Steak.—When getting this meat at the market ask for half hamburger and half pork, mix well, season with salt, pepper, onion juice, ground cloves and nutmeg. Make into balls and cook in a well-greased frying pan until well browned. In another pan put a piece of suet, a tablespoonful or two, and add sliced onions; when well yellowed, add green apples, cut in slices, leaving on the peeling; add a little water and when nearly soft a small amount of sugar. Simmer until smooth and well cooked. Serve around the patty of meat cakes. When one has a limited amount of meat, a good serving of onions and apples helps to piece it out satisfactorily.

"It is a good thing to be rich," said Euripides, "and a good thing to be strong, but it is a better thing to be beloved of many friends."

Tell me how you spend your spare time and I will tell you what you are, says another wise man.

SEASONABLE RECIPES. Those who are fond of green peppers enjoy them shredded in potato salad, with cabbage salad and in fact almost any combination of vegetable is improved by the addition of a portion of green pepper.

Stuffed Green Peppers.—Cut a slice from the stem or pointed end of the peppers, whichever will furnish thereby the best receptacle for filling. Pour boiling water, well salted, over the peppers and let stand to cook three minutes. Remove and set in a serving dish suitable for the oven. Have ready for six peppers, a cupful and a half of white sauce, half a cupful of rice well cooked, three mild onions, boiled tender. Cut the onions in bits and mix with a third of the white sauce. Fill the peppers with alternate layers of creamed onions and the rice. Cover with buttered crumbs and bake until the crumbs are well browned. Turn the rest of the white sauce around the peppers and serve at once.

Ginger Ale Salad.—Soften a fourth of a package of gelatin in a fourth of a cupful of cold water, and set to dissolve over hot water, add a grating of lemon rind, and a cupful and three-fourths of ginger ale. Turn into small molds and chill. Serve very cold on heart leaves of lettuce with either French or mayonnaise dressing, to a cupful of which three tablespoonfuls or more of cocktail sauce is added.

Fruit Pudding.—Sift a cup of flour with a teaspoonful of baking powder and half a teaspoonful of salt; add a half cupful of milk and put a tablespoonful of this mixture into a buttered cup, then add a few fresh strawberries, raspberries or any fruit at hand; put another tablespoonful of the dough on top and place in boiling water to cook, well covered, for 20 minutes.

Bathless Middle Ages. Greece had baths for every citizen; so had Rome, but the Goths broke her aqueducts and the fanatics closed the public baths (being dirty themselves) and Rome fell and the Dark Ages set in. "A thousand years without a bath," as Michelet epitomized them.

Worth While Quotation. To work, to help, and to be helped to learn sympathy through suffering, to learn faith by perplexity, to reach truth through wonder—behold!—this is what it is to live.—Phillips Brooks

Pretty Legend of the Red Rose. The Greeks held that the red rose derived its color from the blood of Venus when she trod on a thorn of the white rose while going to the assistance of the dying Adonis.

Private Emergency Hospital. One of Cincinnati's office buildings is supplied with an excellent emergency hospital.

Daily Thought. The first duty of a man is still that of subduing fear.—Carlyle.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By O. E. SELLERS, Acting Director of the Sunday School Course of the Moody Bible Institute.)

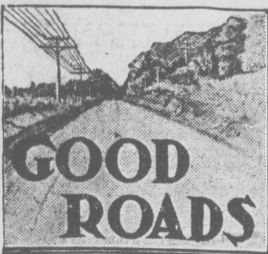
LESSON FOR AUGUST 22

ASA'S GOOD REIGN.

LESSON TEXT—II Chron. 15:1-15. GOLDEN TEXT—Draw nigh to God and he will draw nigh to you. James 4:8.

Skeptics who formerly laughed at the record of II Chron. 14:9 or at the reputed size of Xerxes' army are painfully silent in the face of the present European struggle where armies are reckoned by the millions. Abijah, Rehoboam's successor, easily defeated Jeroboam (ch. 13:13-20) because he "relied upon the Lord," and "Asa his son reigned in his stead."

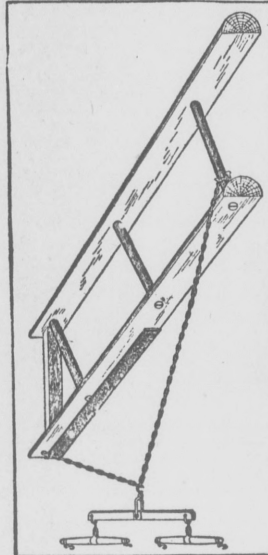
I. Righteousness Exhorted, vv. 1-7. Returning from his wonderful victory over Zerah the Ethiopian, Asa is met by the spirit-anointed prophet, Azariah (v. 1). This man was taken possession of by the spirit of God (II Pet. 1:21; Num. 24:2; Judges 3:10; II Tim. 3:16). Thus it was that he commands even the king, "Hear ye me" (v. 2). His first words were encouraging ones, "Jehovah is with you," and the proof of his word was the victory Asa had just won, (ch. 32:8; Rom. 8:31; Deut. 20:1). That victory was a demonstration, it involved an obligation and had a lesson for the king as well, viz., that if he and his people would seek Jehovah they would find him, but if they forsook him "he will forsake you." The words recorded in verse three were a fearful indictment ("without the true God," Eph. 2:12) and they are a suggestive picture of this age that is so sad in its need of a "teaching priest" and is so constantly acting as though "without law" or else is a law unto itself. But God was merciful (Ps. 103:8; 117:2), and in that time of testing was working his good will. Thus it came that "in their great trouble" (v. 4) they sought Jehovah and "he was found of them." Neglecting him there was "no peace," and "great vexations" also (Isa. 48:22). Our Lord has prophesied even greater



GOOD USE FOR A ROAD DRAG

Implement is Light, Easily Handled and Should Be Worked Soon as Possible After Each Rain.

There exists a prevailing opinion in the minds of those who have used the King road drag that the persistent use of this simple drag will do the ordinary earth roads more good for the amount of time and labor required than any other method of working ever proposed. Some of the best earth roads have been made good by the use of this simple implement. In fact, some advocates of the drag claim that the trustees of many townships could well afford to sell the heavy road machines to a junk man and invest the proceeds in a number of split-



Perspective View of Splitlog Drag.

log drags. Spasmodic use of the split-log or similar drag or the like use of any road-working implement will not make bad roads good. The drag is light and easily handled and should be used as soon after each rain as the condition of the surface will permit. The job was quickly finished and the results are surprising where the dragging is carried on throughout the year. Possibly the most marked improvement from the use of the road drag will result from the early spring dragging.

BUILDING MORE GOOD ROADS

America Now Has 6,000 Miles More of Improved Highways Than France—Total Now 31,000 Miles.

According to the Good Roads Year Book of the American Highways Association, recently issued, America now has 6,000 miles more of good roads than France, the total for this country now amounting to 31,000 miles.

Of this 6,000 miles were built in 1912 and about 6,000 in 1914, making a total of over one-third of the entire mileage of the good roads of the country.

New Jersey was the pioneer state to provide state aid for public highways in 1891, and Massachusetts and Connecticut soon followed, but it is only during the last ten years that the state aid policy has been in effect to any considerable extent.

PHASES OF ROAD PROBLEM

Those Interested in Work Will Find Joint Congressional Committee Report Quite Handy.

Persons interested in the good road problem, either from the engineering or the legislative standpoint, will find the report of the joint congressional committee on federal aid to good roads a convenient source of information. It not only contains the most extensive data ever published on this subject, but contains a bibliography which gives a list of books, pamphlets and speeches on all phases of the good roads problem. The report is printed as house document 1510, Sixty-third congress, third session, and copies may be secured by application to members of congress.

Do Road Work Early.

For good roads the work should be done in the spring and early summer, if possible. Roads worked in the late fall don't get time to settle before winter, consequently are rough and uneven all winter. Do the road work early.

For Best Results.

The fruit and vegetable garden require richest soils and best culture. Of all farm work it pays best for work done, and suffers most from neglect.

Grafting Tomatoes.

A Michigan gardener has been grafting tomatoes on egg plants and red peppers. He began this experiment in 1898, and his first achievement was called the Kaiser. The Kaiser often produces fruit weighing one and a half to two pounds, and will yield a bushel to the plant, on suitable soil.

To Cure Hog Cholera.

The only way to cure hog cholera is to prevent it. This might be said of almost any disease, human, bovine or porcine.

DAIRY

SUMMER CARE FOR THE CALF

Unless Young Animals Are Kept Growing During First Year Final Development Is Retarded.

(By R. M. WASHBURN, Minnesota Experiment Station.)

The first year of a calf's life is the most important with respect to its growth. Unless animals are kept growing during this period their final development will be much retarded, and the chances are they never will reach the scale which their inheritance would give them.

On the best regulated dairy farms calves are born in the autumn and early winter, and they should receive skim milk in moderate quantities through much, or all, of the summer following birth. On farms having hand separators there is no difficulty in providing the sweet milk for calves, morning and evening; but farmers who patronize whole-milk creameries or who still skim by hand should remember that after the first few weeks milk for calves should either be thoroughly sweet or fully sour, that the most dangerous condition is the half-sour stage. If milk is fed to calves when it is in this changing condition it is almost certain to cause indigestion. It should not be half sour, nor sour one day and sweet the next, but always one or the other.

Clean feeding pails must be used, otherwise the germs of fermentation and diarrhea will be brought to the infant cow from the slime of the dirty drinking dish, and with young calves it is important that the temperature at which the milk is fed be nearly that of the body. Older animals may receive milk of the temperature of the milk-holding tank.

While it is very important that heifers should have free access to pasture during the second summer, to develop strong bodies, the calf need not have pasture the first summer. In fact, for calves born after the first of the year, pasturing may be a disadvantage. Most young calves in this country are better off chewing tender hay in the quiet and half-dark stable than fighting flies, panting from the heat, and cropping tough grass in the pasture.

CONVENIENT TO HANDLE MILK

Regular Cans Found More Handy Than Shallow Pans—"Shotgun" Type Is Easily Covered.

Milk and cream from even a few cows can be much more conveniently handled in regular milk cans than in the shallow pans and wide-mouth buckets commonly used. Fig. 1 shows a

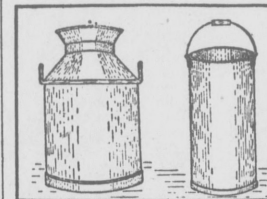


Fig. 1—Milk Can. Fig. 2—"Shotgun" Can.

convenient can for collecting the milk at the barn and transferring it to the house.

These cans may be bought in various sizes. For handling cream and skim milk where separators are used, or even where cream is set to sour for buttermaking, the "shotgun can," shown in Fig. 2, is very convenient. It can be easily covered and set in water and is convenient to handle.

Blood in Milk.
Blood in milk is caused by ruptures of the small blood vessels in the udder, allowing blood to flow into the milk ducts. Nothing can be done to prevent it. Its appearance is not a sign of disease. Frequently the ruptures are caused by the cow striking her udder against something.

Avoid Objectionable Traits.
It is best to keep the cows from developing objectionable traits. This will sometimes happen, but the right kind of handling is usually the best preventive.

Milking for Long Period.
The amount of milk a cow gives is important, but the trait of milking for a long period is still more important. This can frequently be developed by handling.

DAIRY NOTES

Proper feeding determines the amount of gain in the dairy business.

The longer the milk remains in the udder the more it is impoverished by absorption.

There is only one time to churn, these warm days, and that is early in the morning.

A lick of meal in the manger will always bring the cows home promptly at milking time.

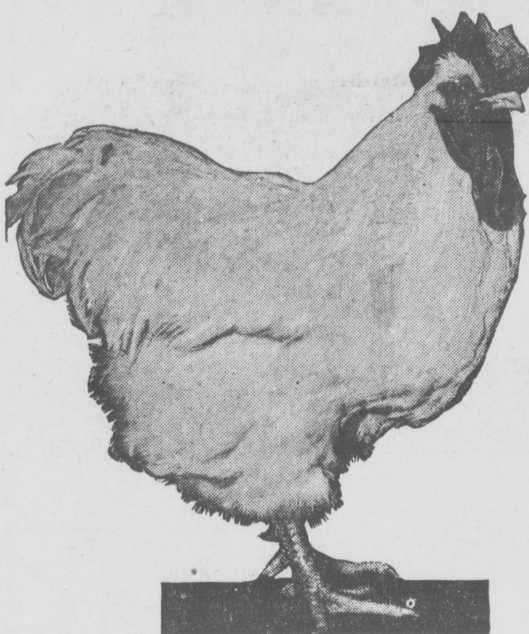
To be sure, the cows understand and appreciate a few gentle pats and kind words at milking time.

There is nothing gained and much lost by selling the heifer calf from the best butter-making cow.

Don't let anyone move the cows faster than a comfortable walk on the way to or from the pasture.

Banish the germs that affect the quality of milk and butter in warm weather by the boiling-water process.

PROBLEM OF BREAKING UP CROODY HEN



Pure-Bred Orpington Cock.

Broody hens seem to be a serious problem for many, and some people have objected to the Orpingtons because of this. One man says he has kept both Buff Orpingtons and White Orpingtons and has never had much trouble with either of them. Of course they will become broody, but it is not a hard matter to break up a broody hen if the right methods are pursued.

The principle on which all methods for stopping broodiness must be based to succeed without real cruelty to the hens, is to have something under them that it will be impossible for them to warm up. The easiest way to provide this is by having the coop so open beneath that the air will circulate up around them. A hen will sit on a board and persist, but she will not sit on a nest with a cavity under it and a screen wire bottom. She will sit anywhere without eggs under her so long as the conditions are right so eggs would hatch if they were under her, but instinct seems to warn her when conditions are not right, and she will soon quit.

Another thing noticed is that where hens have been shut up for broodiness there is a tendency to

take them outside and away from the others and often in the open, covering them over with something to keep the rain off them. This method provides the seclusion and darkened place just to suit a hen, and then if the coop rests on the ground the conditions are ideal to her mind, and she cannot be blamed for preparing for a three weeks' stay. Hens will break up sooner if they are kept in the lot where the others are scratching and feeding and are shut in a coop that will not permit their sitting down and warming up a nest. A slatted bottom located in the scratching shed, with nests under it, has been used, and three days was the average time required to stop them, and they sometimes began laying in a week.

Do not let hens sit on the nests a week or two and then try to break them up. It is much easier to break them at once the first time they remain on the nests at night, for they are not very determined, and often will not persist if kept up one day. Then hens that are broken up at once will go to laying sooner after being broken up than those that are left to sit a week first, and you get the week of extra work also.

HOW TO OPERATE INCUBATOR

Temperature of Place Where Machine Is Kept Should Not Vary—Use Only Fresh Eggs.

Care should be taken that the temperature of the place where the machine is kept does not vary. To secure an even temperature it is a good plan to place the incubator in an out-house, which should be locked up, thus preventing the opening and closing of the door as much as possible. The building should be well ventilated at the top and be free from drafts. In the middle of the house is the best place for the machine, as this allows the air to circulate around it. It should never be put in a corner or against a wall, as fresh air is essential during the process of incubation.

The machine should stand either on a low form or on the floor, as this allows the heat inside to be regular. If the egg drawer is but half an inch lower at the front than the back, the front will not be as warm as the back. Fresh eggs, of course, must be used. Where it can be managed, they should be put into the incubator the same day they have been laid. They may be two or three days old, but the most successful results are obtained from new-laid ones. All the eggs should be of as near the same size as possible. And very small or very large ones should not be chosen, as they often prove unfertile.

FEEDING HENS AND PULLETS
Profits Decrease Where Young and Old Stock Are Kept Together—Provide Separate Yards.

A good many people who might otherwise be successful with their poultry have their profit decreased because they allow the young and old stock to remain undivided in the same house or pen or both during the growing period.

At this particular time the young stock needs a great deal of food and needs to be protected from the old ones, which, if allowed to do so, will abuse them more or less. If free range is impossible, provide separate yards and always keep the young in separate buildings, if possible, or in a separate room at least. If you haven't a separate building you can very easily provide an extra room of some sort for them to roost in.

Pullets getting ready to lay need more feed as a rule than hens which have molted out well, because the pullets need to finish their growth and maturity, as well as make eggs.

This is another reason why the young stock and the old should be kept separate. The feed question should also be considered as the young hen often needs different rations than the old in order to produce certain qualities which the one has and the other has not.

HINTS FOR POULTRY RAISERS

Ship live, healthy poultry in large standard coops; dressed poultry neatly wrapped and packed in boxes or barrels, to reliable dealers.

A Good Ration.
Cooked vegetables thickened with equal parts corn meal and bran, is a mixture that is equally good for both growing ducks and layers. Equal parts oatmeal, cornmeal and bran, with enough "middlings" to make it cling together, is a good food, but this requires the addition of an equal amount of green stuff.

Black Langshan Boom.
Between 1890 and 1899 there was quite a Black Langshan boom in this country. Its origin is enveloped in mystery, so say poultry fanciers in the land from which it originated.

The English breeders have developed strains of it that show long legs like the game fowl. These are ugly fowls.

Highest Egg Production.
The highest egg production reported in a year is 304.

Home Town Helps

BUILT AROUND A DEAD TREE

Summer Rest Seat That Is Not Expensive, and an Ornament to Any Grounds.

The fact that summer rest seats do not have to be expensive to be attractive is demonstrated in the seat seen in the accompanying illustration. The seat has been termed the "Tree Summer Seat," from the fact that it is really built around a tree which was at one time growing at the point where



Attractive Summer Seat and Shade Built About the Trunk of a Dead Tree.

it now stands. Upon finding that the tree had lost all signs of life, the gardener in this park devised the novel idea of turning the dead trunk into this artistic seat rather than dig it out bodily.

Suiting the action to the decision he cut the main limbs off about six feet from the ground and to the top of these he fastened a pretty roof, which is made of palm branches. This done, the seat, which runs all around the trunk at a distance of about a foot and a half from the ground, was made out of sections of palm branches. In addition to being inexpensive, this seat is one of the most attractive in this very elaborate park.

This suggestion might well be followed by others. It is not an uncommon sight to see unsightly dead trees in public parks, which might be converted into useful and ornamental objects instead.—World's Advance.

SCREEN OF GOOD APPEARANCE

Has Durability and Is Distinguished Looking, Is Claim Made for New Idea on Market.

The attitude of the average person toward screens is expressed by the epigram, "Screens are Screens." When the fly folder is in need of repairs, the man who is doing the work gets a few yards of screen with no regard to its nonrusting and wearing abilities.

A western concern has invented a rust-proof which, according to the manufacturers, is finished with ten coats composed of three different materials. The copper coats are put on first; then the zinc coats are applied, and lastly a finishing material of lacquer is put on, which protects the zinc and also adds to the rust-resisting qualities of the screen.

All these coats are applied to the wire cloth after weaving by an electro-galvanizing process.

The color after finishing is a dull aluminum, making a handsome, distinguished looking screen.

Billboards a Public Nuisance.
Billboards are a public nuisance. They are dangers to human beings who have to live near them. They present real perils from the standpoint of public health, fire protection, police protection and reasonable safeguarding against accident.

This is the new and practical principle upon which the city council is now asked to amend Sections 706 and 707 of the present building code. It is a weapon against the billboard nuisance forced out of the perfectly definite practical rights of the citizen instead of from that newer metal known as his aesthetic rights. We may not have reached the stage when we have established the fact that a citizen has the right to be protected against eye-sores, but we certainly long ago reached the point when we recognized that his sanitary well-being, the protection of his life and property were charges of the state.—Chicago Post.

Barter's Soul for Lump of Soil.
The vice of earth eating is spreading through tropical parts of the Americas, the natives being from infancy addicted to the fatal habit, known scientifically as geophagy. It is always fatal, producing dysentery in adults and dropsy in the very young. Native mothers inculcate the vice into their children by giving them chunks of soft clay to eat. Once fastened on a person, the vice of geophagy becomes insatiable, and the victim will barter his immortal soul for a lump of soft, white clay.

Between Friends.
"Harry took me to the theater last night," said the first dear girl. "We had a box all to ourselves."

"Yes," rejoined dear girl No. 2. "I saw you eating candy in the gallery, but I wasn't quite sure whether you had a box or a paper bag."

Literary Note.
"I object to Shaw's coarseness," said the lady with the ingrowing face.

"And I," responded the man with the fringed collar and the lack of hair cut, "to his of-course-ness."

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Both Busy.

"Where is Clarence?"

"He's in the house playing jack-straws."

"And where is Edith?"

"I dunno. She may be out sailing the motor boat, and then again, she may be trying out her new aeroplane."

DISTRESSING PIMPLES

Removed by Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Trial Free.

Smear them with the Ointment. Wash off in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water and continue bathing for some minutes. Repeat on rising and retiring. These fragrant supercreamy emollients do much for the skin, and do it quickly.

Sample each free by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Worth Listening To.
"Those two men over there are having a warm argument. It must be about the war."

"I think not. They are probably discussing a subject they know something about."

"Why so?"

"Half a dozen pedestrians and the policeman on this beat seem interested in what they are saying."

She Needs It.
"I hope you won't be angry, dear-est," said wife as she displayed her purchases, "but I simply could not resist buying this lovely wrap to wear over my bathing suit at the beach."

"It's a beauty," admitted her husband. "Why don't you buy another one to wear over your street costume?"

To Be Sure.

"You seldom hear of a man after he enters prison."

"That isn't surprising."

"No?"

"Doing time is comparatively a noiseless performance."

It is calculated that 19,000,000 tons of carbon, most of it in the form of coal, is the average yearly amount burned in large cities.

In novels and on the stage the bully invariably is whipped. But in real life the bully often wins.

A close friend is one who won't lend you money.

Daily Building

To be continually well, calls for food that contains elements that surely build up the whole system—body, nerves and brain.

Grape-Nuts

—made from whole wheat and malted barley—contains the full nutriment of the grain, including the mineral salts, so essential to balanced re-building.

Grape-Nuts, partially predigested, agrees splendidly with child or adult. Requires little work from the digestive organs and is quickly absorbed by the system, generally in about one hour.

Thousands have found a helping hand in Grape-Nuts food—

"There's a Reason"

Sold by Grocers.

PREVENTION

better than cure. Tutt's Pills if taken in time are not only a remedy for, but will prevent

SICK HEADACHE,

biliousness, constipation and kindred diseases.

Tutt's Pills

LADIES!!

USE GILBERT'S

JEWEL

TALCUM POWDER

The Talcum of Quality, for refined people. Perfume rich, lasting, and exquisite. Powder of velvety smoothness.

In Glass Jars—15c. and 25c. Sold by all dealers.

MADE BY GILBERT BROS. & CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

Every Lady

can preserve or regulate her youthful vigor by using SANATAN. Send 2c stamp for trial box today. THE SANATAN COMPANY, Second & Arch Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

A Fixture—Mr. McKean is worth while to have usually \$25.00 without further excuse for next ten years! Aggravated misery tells, let us explain. Originator Mfg. Co., 30 Broadway, New York City.

PATENTS

W. N. U., BALTIMORE, NO. 34-1915.

Office Chatter.
"How do you like your job?" asked the inkwell.

"It's dirty work," replied the new blotter. "Still it's rather absorbing."

REMARKABLE LETTER FROM A WELL-KNOWN WASHINGTON DRUGGIST. In reference to Elixir Blakely the great remedy for chills and fever and all malarial diseases. "Within the last five months I have sold 2500 bottles of Elixir Blakely for Malaria, Chills and Fever. Our customers specify every word of it. Henry Evans, 925 F St., N.W., Washington, D.C. Elixir Blakely 50 cents all druggists, or by Parcel Post, prepaid, from Kierstead & Co., Washington, D.C.

The Reason.
Simpson—I wonder how it is that nearly all the misers we read of are old bachelors?

Mrs. Simpson (insinuatingly)—Oh, married misers are so common that they are not worth mentioning.

Wasn't on the Map.
Little Lemuel—Say, paw, what state is Effigy in?

Paw—Effigy! Why, I don't believe I ever heard of such a town, son.

Little Lemuel—Well, I was just reading about a man who was hanged in effigy, and I can't find it on the map.

Fine Scorn.
"Lady," said Plodding Pete, "could you spare a hungry man a meal of victuals?"

"You go away from here or I'll call my husband."

"Is that there stoop-shouldered man plowin' corn in the next field your husband?"

"Yes, it is."

"I take back what I said. I've got a heart in me, I have. If you've got a meal of victuals for a poor starvin' man, give it to your husband."

A Florist's Hope.
"Mr. Cornicobble, I dare say your son has learned a great many things at college."

"Yes. He's learnt how ter yell, how ter dance, how ter play football an' baseball, how ter set in a stiff game of poker, an' has other accomplishments I haven't been able ter classify yet, but I hope ter find among 'em what I'm looking for."

"And what is that?"

"Something that will help him ter get more out of an acre of land than I've ever been able ter get."

Longings.
A well-known essayist and connoisseur of New York attended recently an artistic tea in Washington square.

Near-artists of all sorts—near-poets, near-sculptors, near-painters and near-novelists—attended the tea. The ladies wore djibahs of green burlap. The gentlemen wore sandals. The collation was vegetarian, of course.

Looking calmly at that mass of freaks, he said, with a smile: "Artistic longings consist invariably, it seems, of long hair, long teeth and long faces—everything but long purses, in fact."

PAID LOCAL ADS.

FOR SALE—Wagons and Dearborns.
J. C. GREEN.

FOR SALE—Fresh and Salt Fish at
all times.
W. C. JONES.

FOR SALE—The best steak, roasts,
lamb and veal.
W. C. JONES.

Dr. Warren S. P. Combs Dentist.
Successor to the late Dr. J. C. Stites.

HIDES WANTED—The highest cash
prices paid for horse and cow hides.
W. C. JONES.

FOR SALE—5 year old bay horse, F.
Roy Wilkes.
Man's Horse only.
APPLY TO THIS OFFICE.

For the neatest and best cleaning of
your Spring Straws, Panamas and
Felt Hats, apply to F. D. PINDER.

NOTICE—After July 1st, 1915, I will
conduct a Cash Business. 30 days ex-
tension on approved accounts in the
blacksmith and wheelwright business.
J. C. GREEN.

FOR SALE—1 black driving mare, yolk
carriage and harness, price \$75. 1
large work horse \$25. Call any time.
H. E. WILSON,
Box 62,
Odessa, Del.

FOR SALE—Home comfort range,
latest model, and in excellent condi-
tion. Apply to
THIS OFFICE.

NOTICE—I, the undersigned will not
redeem any canning checks accepted
by any person as payment for goods
of any kind except those persons
authorized by me.
H. P. STRASBAUGH,
Mt. Pleasant, Del.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

—OF—

Red Lion Hundred

The taxable residents of Red Lion
Hundred, and all persons liable to pay
tax in said Hundred are hereby notified
that the Taxes for the year 1915 are
now due, and the undersigned Tax
Collector for said Hundred, will be at
J. C. Stuckert's Office, in St. Georges
AUG. 9th and 30th,
SEPT. 13th and 27th, OCT. 11th and
26th, NOV. 8th and 29th, DEC. 13th
and 27th. From 9 A. M. to 12 M.

Parlor of Robinson House, Del. City
AUG. 14th and 28th,
SEPT. 13th and 30th, OCT. 16th and
30th, NOV. 13th and 27th, DEC. 11th
and 31st. From 9 A. M. to 12 M.

Pennsylvania R. R. Station, Kirkwood
AUG. 16th, SEPT. 6th and 29th,
OCT. 18th, NOV. 22d, DEC. 20th.
From 9 A. M. to 12 M.

Tax bills can be obtained by making
personal application to the Collector, or
by sending written communication en-
closing stamps.

Extract from the Laws of Delaware,
Governing the Collection of Taxes of
New Castle County, Section 3, Chapter
30, Volume 21, Laws of Delaware, as
Amended:
SECTION 3—That on all taxes paid
before the first day of October there
shall be an abatement of five per
centum. On all taxes paid before the
first day of December there shall be an
abatement of three per centum. On all
taxes paid during the month of
December there shall be no abatement
whatever. And on all taxes unpaid on
the first day of January there shall be
added one per centum per month until
the same shall be paid.

J. C. STUCKERT
Collector for Red Lion Hundred.

PUBLIC SALE!

Half Mile South of Odessa

Saturday, Aug. 28, '15

AT ONE O'CLOCK, P. M.

We have disposed of all our Chickens
and will sell at public sale FOUR
LARGE PORTABLE POU LTRY
HOUSES, with latest improvements.
Can be moved without dismantling;
balance consisting of Coops, Wire Feed
Hoppers, Drinking Fountains, Egg
Cases and everything that is used in a
modern poultry plant. All these articles
are in first class order. We have no
further use for the above, and they will
be sold without reserve.

TERMS CASH!

S. F. SHALLCROSS, Manager.
D. P. Hutchison, Auc.

Farms for Sale!

450 acres.....	\$22,500 00
350 acres.....	20,000 00
311 acres.....	18,500 00
165 acres.....	15,000 00
387 acres.....	15,000 00
291 acres.....	12,000 00
172 acres.....	10,000 00
115 acres.....	7,000 00
41 acres.....	7,000 00
120 acres.....	6,000 00
80 acres.....	4,000 00
55 acres.....	2,500 00
16 acres.....	800 00

Also several Town Properties.
JOHN HELDMYER, JR.
Phone 170. Real Estate Agent.
North Broad St. Middletown, Del.

W. S. Bradley

**Paper Hanger
and Decorator**

has located in Middletown, and
all orders for work will receive
his prompt attention. Reason-
able Prices. LAKE ST.,
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DENTIST

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

(Office of the late Dr. Stites)

1915 AUGUST 1915

The Iron
STEAMER CLIO

WILL LEAVE

Odessa for Philadelphia

AND RETURN FROM

Arch St. Wharf, Phila.

AS PER TIME TABLE

ODESSA		
Vonday,	2d,	12 30 p m
Thursday,	5th,	3 30 p m
Monday,	9th,	6 00 p m
Thursday,	12th,	11 00 a m
Monday,	16th,	12 30 p m
Thursday,	19th,	2 30 p m
Monday,	23d,	6 00 p m
Thursday,	26th,	11 00 a m
Monday,	30th,	12 30 p m

PHILADELPHIA		
Tuesday,	3d,	11 00 a m
Friday,	6th,	12 30 p m
Tuesday,	10th,	4 00 p m
Friday,	13th,	6 00 p m
Tuesday,	17th,	11 00 a m
Friday,	20th,	12 30 p m
Tuesday,	24th,	4 00 p m
Friday,	27th,	6 00 p m
Tuesday,	31st,	6 00 p m

Attention given to the Careful Hand-
ling and Prompt Delivery of all con-
signments.

For information in regard to
Freights, apply to

F. B. WATKINS, Manager

Odessa, Delaware

WILLIAM W. ROSE, Purser

Bayside Inn

Betterton, Md.

Highest elevation, Magnificent
view of Chesapeake Bay, Modern
conveniences, Large and Shady
Lawns, Long and Wide Verandas,
Cuisine unexcelled, Cool and airy
rooms, Garage, Yacht anchorage.
Special attention to automobile
and week-end parties. Telephone
69-3, or write, BAYSIDE INN,
L. Harris Crewe, Manager and
Owner.

Security Trust and
SAFE DEPOSIT CO.

CAPITAL \$ 600,000
SURPLUS & PROFITS 775,000
DEPOSITS 2,500,000

The successful conduct of your
business depends largely upon
your Trust Company connection
what service you receive from
the Company of your choice—
whether it is courteous, obliging
and personal. This is the kind
of service we render to all our
patrons in all our departments.
We are sure you will be much
pleased and find great advantage
in having an account with us.

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John S. Russell, Vice President
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Levi L. Maloney, Assistant Treas.

EACH DESIGN IS PRETTIER
THAN THE LAST ONE

It only remains with you to de-
cide the colors you want. Our
carpets and rugs are famous for
their beauty, because we buy
only the richest patterns, and
also take the greatest care to
keep in stock only those goods
that have proven their dura-
bility. Come in and see them.
You are bound to be pleased.

J. H. EMERSON
Middletown, Delaware

Shoe Repairing

I have purchased a new
electric machine for finishing my
work, which enables me to turn
out all work in the shortest
possible time, and the finish is
far superior to hand-finished
work.

L. FROMKIN

Kates' old stand, East Main St.
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

Alabama Peach Trees

C. R. CLAYTON

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE



THERE IS FINE PICKING AND MONEY—
SAVING VALUES AMONG OUR REMNANTS—
WHICH WE HAVE PLACED ON OUR COUN-
TERS.

COME THIS WEEK WHILE THE PICKING
IS BEST.

Special Lot

WOMEN'S WHITE DUCK SKIRTS

\$2.00 White Skirts to close \$1.00

\$1.00 White Skirts to close .59

Women's New Up-to-date Shirt Waists.
Regular price, \$1.00; to close 59c.

Men's Pure Silk Shirts. Regular price,
\$3.50; now \$2.50.

Men's Silk Front Shirts. Regular price,
\$1.50; now \$1.00.

Men's "Monarch" Shirts, soft cuffs. Reg-
ular price, \$1.00; now 75c.

New lot of Sport Shirts. New patterns,
50c and \$1.00.

Store opens at 7 A. M. Closes 6 P. M.

J. B. Messick

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE

Home is
where the
telephone is

Just a little metal
instrument—the Bell
Telephone! Yet it
binds with never-fail-
ing ties your home to
your friends, both to
others and all into one
great fabric of home
comfort and content.

Help when danger
threatens, fleet runner
when errands call—a
blessing always.

Is your home a
home complete?

The Diamond
State Tel. Co.
E. P. Bardo,
District Manager,
Wilmington, Del.

Delaware College

A part of the Public School System of the State. Tuition
free to all Delaware students. Next Session begins September
15th. Able faculty. Varied courses. Experimental farm
and well equipped shop and laboratories. Beautiful and
healthful location. The College has three departments
with a four years' course leading to the degrees of B. A.
and B. S.

ART AND SCIENCE, AGRICULTURAL
ENGINEERING: Civil, Mechanical, Electrical, Chemical

Also a practical course of two years in Agriculture.

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SAMUEL C. MITCHELL, President.
Newark, Delaware.

The Women's College of Del.

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ART AND SCIENCE, EDUCATION, HOME ECONOMICS
Also a practical course of two years in Education or
Home Economics, leading to a certificate.

For catalogue address

WINIFRED J. ROBINSON, Dean
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Choice New Goods!

We have just received from leading maker a lot of
fine, high-grade relishes, pickles, etc.

Large Dill Pickles, "Edelweiss"....15c jar
"Waw Waw" ".....15c jar
"Sweet Mixed" ".....10c jar
"Green Seal" Table Relishes.....10c jar
"Green Seal" Salad Dressing 10c and 25c jar
"Waw Waw" Mustard.....10c jar

Fine "Camelo" Cocoa in big Mason jars worth 5c—
only 25c. "King Midas" Macaroni, pkg., 10c. "Peerless"
June Peas less than usual wholesale price—per doz 90c.

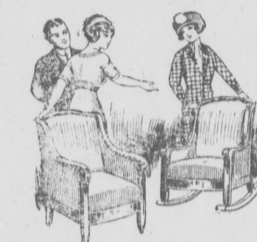
We are Middletown and vicinity agents for the fine
Chaset & Sanborn Coffees and Teas.

Can still supply all Canning and Pickling needs—
Glass Jars, the all-glass "Lustre," Mason, etc. Also, good
q. Tin Cans, 45c doz., besides all kinds of Canning Supplies,
malt and white Vinegars and Spices, etc.

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is guaranteed to stand up with
the coming years. It is not to
be thrust aside when the jour-
ney of life is half over. Our
furniture will see you through to
the end. All the prevailing
woods fashioned in exquisite
taste into dainty and substantial
works of art. Sets for every

room and individual pieces as well. Spring Matting, Rugs,
Linenum.

W. J. WILSON, Middletown, Del.

Our AUGUST
Clearance Sale

SUMMER'S END IS NEAR, hence all our Summer Stocks
must go! This means a rare chance to get Summer
goods at BIG REDUCTIONS, for we cannot violate our rule,
"No goods carried over!"

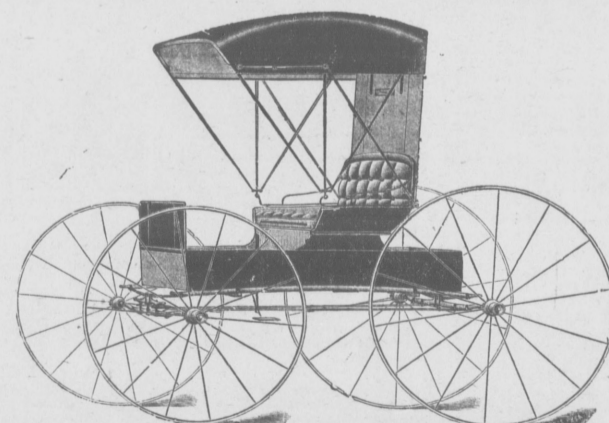
Therefore our shelves will be cleared, regardless of loss
to us, of every description of Summer wear, such as Dress
Goods, Dresses, Waists, Wash Skirts, Underwear and many
other warm weather articles—odds and ends too numerous to
mention. All these must go at any price if need be, to make
shelf room for our coming Fall and Winter goods.

It should not be necessary for us to tell our patrons and
the general public, that this is an opportunity to pick up for
little money many strictly high class articles, all in perfect
condition.

The reputation Fogel & Burstan have already gained
from like bargain offers, assures us that this our latest
BARGAIN CHANCE will also be seized by our customers. To
all such we add the caution, "Come early and have the pick
of these various stocks."

Fogel & Burstan Dept. Store

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All the best makes of High and Medium grade
Carriages in stock at all times.

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